## **Introduced by Senator Ashburn**

February 24, 2006

An act relating to health facilities. An act to amend Sections 1265.5, 1337.2, 1337.6, 1338.5, 1416.26, 1522, 1568.09, 1569.17, 1575.7, 1596.871, 1728.1, 1736.1, 1736.2, 1736.6, 1743.9 of, and add Chapter 2.6 (commencing with Section 1499) to Division 2 of, the Health and Safety Code, relating to health and care facilities.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1759, as amended, Ashburn. Health *and care* facilities: background checks.

Under existing law, the State Department of Health Services licenses and regulates health facilities, including intermediate care facilities. A violation of these provisions is a crime.

Existing law requires the department to secure a criminal record from an appropriate law enforcement agency prior to the initial licensure or renewal of a license of any person or persons to operate or manage an intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled-habilitative, intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled nursing, or intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled, other than an intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled operated by the state, to determine whether the applicant, facility administrator or manager, any direct care staff, or any other adult living in the same location has ever been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation.

This bill would, instead, require the criminal record clearance be conducted by the submission of fingerprint images to the Department SB 1759 -2-

of Justice, would specify that the criminal record shall be complete when the State Department of Health Services has obtained the criminal record clearance, and would prohibit direct contact by the applicant with residents until completion of the clearance.

This bill would also prohibit the applicant from applying for a criminal record clearance if the person subject to the criminal record clearance has been disqualified for engaging in the activity for which clearance is required until 2 years after notification of denial of the criminal record clearance.

Existing law establishes requirements, administered by the State Department of Health Services, for certification as a certified nurse assistant.

This bill would, in addition, require that a certified nurse assistant applicant not have had an application for certification denied or a certificate revoked, as specified in the preceding 2 years or have had a criminal record clearance denied in the preceding 2 years.

Existing law requires that a criminal record clearance shall be conducted for all nurse assistants by the submission of fingerprint cards to the department for processing at the Department of Justice, and requires completion of the record clearance prior to issuance or renewal of a certificate.

This bill would, instead, require the criminal record clearance be conducted by the submission of fingerprint images to the Department of Justice, would specify that the criminal record shall be complete when the State Department of Health Services has obtained the criminal record clearance, and would prohibit direct contact by the applicant with residents until completion of the clearance.

This bill would impose an additional requirement for licensing or certification under specified health care provider licensing programs administered by the State Department of Health Services by requiring that any person or entity licensed under one of the applicable programs disclose, under penalty of perjury, any revocation or other disciplinary action taken or proposed against a license, certificate, registration, or other permission to engage in a profession, vocation, or occupation to operate a facility or institution. By requiring the disclosure of that information under penalty of perjury, this bill would create a crime, and would result in a state-mandated local program.

Existing law establishes requirements, administered by the State Department of Health Services, for applicants for a nursing home facility administrator license, including the requirement that the -3- SB 1759

applicant shall, as part of the application process, submit to the department 2 sets of completed fingerprint cards for a criminal record clearance through the Department of Justice.

This bill would, instead, require the applicant to submit electronic fingerprint images to the Department of Justice for a criminal clearance, would prohibit the applicant from direct contact with patients until completion of the clearance, and would prohibit application for a criminal record clearance if the person subject to the criminal record clearance has been disqualified from engaging in the activity for which clearance is required until 2 years after notification of denial of the criminal record clearance.

Existing law, the California Adult Day Health Care Act, requires that the State Department of Health Services, prior to issuing a new license under that act, conduct certain procedures in securing a criminal record clearance with respect to the administrator, program director, and fiscal officer of a proposed adult day health care center. Any violation of the provisions of that act are a crime.

This bill would revise those procedures by, among other things, prohibiting a person from direct contact with residents until completion of the criminal record clearance. By revising those procedures this bill would revise the definition of a crime, this resulting in a state-mandated local program.

Existing law, administered by the State Department of Health Services, regulates licensing of home health agencies and private duty nursing agencies and certification of certified home health aides. Existing law requires certain persons, as part of the home health agency licensure process, as well as applicants for home health aid certification, to submit to the department fingerprints for the furnishing of the person's criminal record clearance.

This bill would revise the fingerprint requirements to use the submission of electronic fingerprint records to the Department of Justice, and would prohibit licensing or certification of those applicants within 2 years of specified circumstances.

Under existing law, the State Department of Social Services licenses and regulates various community care facilities, residential care facilities for the elderly and for persons with a chronic, life-threatening illness, and child day care facilities. Existing law requires the department to inspect certain of these facilities within 90 days of initial licensure, to evaluate compliance with applicable rules

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and regulations, and to assess the facility's continuing ability to meet regulatory requirements.

Under existing law, licensees and other individuals who are present and provide care in these facilities are required to provide fingerprints and the department is required to secure the individual's criminal history, to determine whether he or she has been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation, or convicted of specified sex-related offenses. Under existing law, violation of the provisions governing these facilities is a misdemeanor.

This bill would require an individual to obtain either a criminal record clearance from the Department of Justice or a criminal record exemption from the State Department of Social Services before his or her initial presence in any one of the above categories of facilities. The bill would require an applicant for facility licensure, or other specified individuals, to sign a declaration under penalty of perjury, disclosing any prior criminal convictions or arrests, or any prior disciplinary action taken against him or her by a governmental agency.

By changing the definition of an existing crime, and by expanding the crime of perjury, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Under existing law, the department is required to comply with specified requirements before prohibiting a person from being employed or having contact with clients in any of the facilities described above, on the basis of a denied criminal record exemption request or arrest information.

This bill, notwithstanding existing law, would prohibit an individual whose request for an exemption has been denied, or whose exemption has been revoked, from seeking reinstatement or an exemption for 2 years. The bill would permanently exclude the individual if that individual's request for exemption was denied based on conviction for a crime for which no exemption may be granted.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Existing law provides for the licensing and regulation of health facilities by the State Department of Health Services.

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This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to make necessary statutory changes for establishing criminal background clearances of persons providing direct patient services in health facilities.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: <del>no</del>-yes. State-mandated local program: <del>no</del>-yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION. 1. Section 1265.5 of the Health and Safety Code is 2 amended to read:

1265.5. (a) (1) Prior to the initial licensure or renewal of a license of any person or persons to operate or manage an intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled habilitative, an intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled nursing, or an intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled, other than an intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled operated by the state that secures criminal record clearances for its employees through a method other than as specified in this section or upon the hiring of direct care staff by any of these facilities, the state department shall secure from an appropriate law enforcement agency the Department of Justice a criminal record to determine whether the applicant, facility administrator or manager, any direct care staff, or any other adult living in the same location, has ever been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation.

- (2) The criminal record clearance shall require the applicant to submit electronic fingerprint images of the facility administrator or manager, and any direct care staff, or any other adult living in the same location, to the Department of Justice. Applicants shall be responsible for any cost associated with transmitting the fingerprint images.
- (3) The criminal record clearance shall be completed prior to direct staff contact with residents of the facility administrator or manager, and any direct care staff, or any other adult living in the same location. A criminal record clearance shall be complete when the department has obtained the person's criminal record information from the Department of Justice and has determined that the person is not disqualified from engaging in the activity for which clearance is required.

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The application for licensure or renewal shall be denied if the criminal record indicates that the person seeking initial licensure or renewal of a license referred to in subdivision (a) has been convicted of a violation or attempted violation of any one or more of the following Penal Code provisions: Section 187, subdivision (a) of Section 192, Section 203, 205, 206, 207, 209, 210, 210.5, 211, 220, 222, 243.4, 245, 261, 262, or 264.1, Sections 265 to 267, inclusive, Section 273a, 273d, 273.5, or 285, subdivisions (c), (d), (f), and (g) of Section 286, Section 288, subdivisions (c), (d), (f), and (g) of Section 288a, Section 288.5, 289, 289.5, 368, 451, 459, 470, 475, 484, or 484b, Sections 484d to 484j, inclusive, or Section 487, 488, 496, 503, 518, or 666, unless any of the following applies: 

- (A) The person was convicted of a felony and has obtained a certificate of rehabilitation under Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 4852.01) of Title 6 of Part 3 of the Penal Code and the information or accusation against the person has been dismissed pursuant to Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code with regard to that felony.
- (B) The person was convicted of a misdemeanor and the information or accusation against the person has been dismissed pursuant to Section 1203.4 or 1203.4a of the Penal Code.
- (C) The person was convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor, but has previously disclosed the fact of each conviction to the department and the department has made a determination in accordance with law that the conviction does not disqualify the person.
- (D) The person was convicted of a misdemeanor violation of Section 488 or 496 and has had no subsequent conviction of either offense in the last five years. This paragraph shall become inoperative on August 1, 2001.
- (2) The application for licensure or renewal shall be denied if the criminal record of the person includes a conviction in another state for an offense that, if committed or attempted in this state, would have been punishable as one or more of the offenses set forth in paragraph (1), unless evidence of rehabilitation comparable to the dismissal of a misdemeanor or a certificate of rehabilitation as set forth in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1) is provided to the department.

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(c) If the criminal record of a person described in subdivision (a) indicates any conviction other than a minor traffic violation or other than a conviction listed in subdivision (b), the department may deny the application for licensure or renewal. In determining whether or not to deny the application for licensure or renewal pursuant to this subdivision, the department shall take into consideration the following factors as evidence of good character and rehabilitation:

- (1) The nature and seriousness of the offense under consideration and its relationship to their employment duties and responsibilities.
- (2) Activities since conviction, including employment or participation in therapy or education, that would indicate changed behavior.
- (3) The time that has elapsed since the commission of the conduct or offense referred to in paragraph (1) or (2) and the number of offenses.
- (4) The extent to which the person has complied with any terms of parole, probation, restitution, or any other sanction lawfully imposed against the person.
- (5) Any rehabilitation evidence, including character references, submitted by the person.
- (6) Employment history and current employer recommendations.
- (7) Circumstances surrounding the commission of the offense that would demonstrate the unlikelihood of repetition.
- (8) The granting by the Governor of a full and unconditional pardon.
  - (9) A certificate of rehabilitation from a superior court.
- (d) Any person who is subject to a criminal clearance under this section who has been disqualified from engaging in the activity for which clearance is required shall not reapply for a criminal clearance for a period of two years after notification of denial of the criminal clearance.
- (e) Any person whose license was denied or revoked pursuant to Section 1265.1 or 1294 shall not reapply for a license for a period of two years after notification of denial or revocation of the license.
- 39 (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a 40 criminal record check of a person receiving services in an

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intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled habilitative, intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled-nursing, or intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled.

<del>(e)</del>

 (g) For purposes of this section, "direct care staff" means all facility staff who are trained and experienced in the care of persons with developmental disabilities and who directly provide program and nursing services to clients. Administrative and licensed personnel shall be considered direct care staff when directly providing program and nursing services to clients. Persons employed as consultants and acting as direct care staff shall be subject to the same requirements for a criminal record clearance as other direct care staff. However, the employing facility shall not be required to pay any costs associated with that criminal record clearance.

<del>(f)</del>

(h) Upon the employment of any person specified in subdivision (a), and prior to any contact with clients or residents, the facility shall—submit fingerprint cards to the department ensure that electronic fingerprint images are submitted to the Department of Justice for the purpose of obtaining a criminal record check.

<del>(g)</del>

- (i) The department shall develop procedures to ensure that any licensee, direct care staff, or certificate holder for whom a criminal record has been obtained pursuant to this section or Section 1338.5 or 1736 shall not be required to obtain multiple criminal record clearances.
- 29 SEC. 2. Section 1337.2 of the Health and Safety Code is 30 amended to read:
- 31 1337.2. (a) An applicant for certification as a certified nurse assistant shall comply with each of the following:
  - (1) Be at least 16 years of age.
  - (2) Have successfully completed a training program approved by the department, which includes an examination to test the applicant's knowledge and skills related to basic patient care services.
- 38 (3) Obtain a criminal record clearance pursuant to Section 39 1338.5.

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(4) Shall not have had an application for certification denied or a certificate revoked pursuant to Section 1337.9 or 1736.5 in the preceding two years.

- (5) Shall not have a criminal record clearance denied by the department in the preceding two years.
- (b) The state department may establish procedures for issuing certificates which recognize certification programs in other states and countries.
- (c) Upon written application, criminal record clearance pursuant to Section 1338.5, and documentation of passing an appropriate competency examination, the state department may issue a certificate to any applicant who possesses a valid state license as either a licensed vocational nurse or a registered nurse issued by any other state or foreign country, and who, in the opinion of the state department, has the qualifications specified in this article.
- (d) Upon written application, criminal record clearance pursuant to Section 1338.5, and documentation of passing an appropriate examination, the state department may issue a certificate to any applicant who has completed the fundamentals of nursing courses in a school for registered nurses, approved by the Board of Registered Nursing, or in a school for licensed vocational nurses, approved by the Board of Vocational Nurse and Psychiatric Technician Examiners, which are substantially equivalent to the certification training program specified in this article.
- (e) Every person certified as a nurse assistant under this article may be known as a "certified nurse assistant" and may place the letters CNA after his or her name when working in a licensed health facility. An individual working independently, providing personal care services, may not advertise or represent himself or herself as a certified nurse assistant.
- (f) Any person holding a nurse assistant certificate issued by the state department prior to January 1, 1988, may continue to hold himself or herself out as a certified nurse assistant until January 1, 1991. Thereafter, it shall be unlawful for any person not certified under this article to hold himself or herself out to be a certified nurse assistant. Any person willfully making any false representation as being a certified nurse assistant is guilty of a misdemeanor.

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 (g) Any person who violates this article is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon a conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than 180 days, or by a fine of not less than twenty dollars (\$20) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by both such fine and imprisonment.

- (h) If the department determines that a person had previously applied for a certificate under this article, and the application was denied pursuant to Section 1337.9 or 1736.5 within the last two years, the department shall reject the application and exclude the person from any facility licensed by the department as follows:
- (1) In cases where the applicant petitioned for a hearing, the department shall reject the application until two years have elapsed from the effective date of the decision and order of the department upholding the denial.
- (2) In cases where the applicant did not petition for a hearing, the department shall reject the application until two years have elapsed from the date of the notification of the denial.
- (3) In cases where an immediate action was taken pursuant to subdivision (i) of Section 1337.9 or subdivision (h) of Section 1736.5 and the applicant petitioned for a hearing, the department shall reject the application until two years have elapsed from the date of the notification of the revocation.
- SEC. 3. Section 1337.6 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 1337.6. (a) Certificates issued under this article shall be renewed every two years and renewal shall be conditional upon the occurrence of all of the following:
- (1) The certificate holder submitting documentation of completion of 48 hours of in-service training every two years obtained through an approved training program or taught by a director of staff development for a licensed skilled nursing or intermediate care facility that has been approved by the state department, or by individuals or programs approved by the state department. At least 12 of the 48 hours of in-service training shall be completed in each of the two years. Twenty-four of the 48 hours of in-service training may be obtained through an online computer training program approved by the Licensing and Certification Division of the state department.

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(2) (A) A vendor of online programs for continuing education shall ensure that each online course contains all of the following:

- (i) An interactive portion where the participants receive feedback, through online communication, based on input from the participant.
- (ii) Required use of a personal identification number or personal identification information to confirm the identity of the participant.
- (iii) A final screen displaying a printable statement, to be signed by the participant, certifying that the identified participant completed the course. The vendor shall obtain a copy of the final screen statement with the original signature of the participant prior to the issuance of a certificate of completion. The signed statement of completion shall be maintained by the vendor for a period of three years and shall be made available to the department upon demand.
- (B) The department may approve online programs for continuing education that do not meet the requirements of subparagraph (A) if the vendor demonstrates to the department's satisfaction that, through advanced technology, the course and the course delivery meet the other requirements of this section.
- (3) The certificate holder obtaining a criminal record clearance.
- (b) Certificates issued under this article shall expire on the certificate holder's birthday. If the certificate is renewed more than 30 days after its expiration, the certificate holder, as a condition precedent to renewal, shall also pay the delinquency fee prescribed by this article.
- (c) To renew an unexpired certificate, the certificate holder shall, on or before the certificate expiration date, apply for renewal on a form provided by the state department, pay the renewal fee prescribed by this article, and submit documentation of the required in-service training.
- (d) The state department shall give written notice to a certificate holder 90 days in advance of the renewal date and, 90 days in advance of the expiration of the fourth year that a renewal fee has not been paid, and shall give written notice informing the certificate holder, in general terms, of the provisions of this article. Nonreceipt of the renewal notice does not relieve the certificate holder of the obligation to make a

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timely renewal. Failure to make a timely renewal shall result in expiration of the certificate.

(e) Except as otherwise provided in this article, an expired certificate may be renewed at any time within two years after its expiration on the filing of an application for renewal on a form prescribed by the state department, and payment of the renewal fee in effect on the date the application is filed, and documentation of the required in-service education.

Renewal under this article shall be effective on the date on which the application is filed, on the date when the renewal fee is paid, or on the date on which the delinquency fee is paid, whichever occurs last. If so renewed, the certificate shall continue in effect until the date provided for in this article, when it shall expire if it is not again renewed.

- (f) If a certified nurse assistant applies for renewal more than two years after the expiration, the certified nurse assistant shall complete an approved 75-hour competency evaluation training program and competency evaluation program. If the certified nurse assistant demonstrates in writing to the state department's satisfaction why the certified nurse assistant cannot pay the delinquency fee, then the state department on a case-by-case basis shall consider waiving the delinquency fee. A suspended certificate is subject to expiration and shall be renewed as provided in this article, but this renewal does not entitle the certificate holder, while the certificate remains suspended, and, until it is reinstated, to engage in the certified activity, or in any other activity or conduct in violation of the order or judgment by which the certificate was suspended.
- (g) A revoked certificate is subject to expiration as provided in this article, but it cannot be renewed. If reinstatement of the certificate is approved by the state department, the certificate holder, as a condition precedent to reinstatement, shall pay a reinstatement fee in an amount equal to the renewal fee in effect on the date the application for reinstatement is filed, plus the delinquency fee, if any, accrued at the time of its revocation. If the prior certificate was revoked within the preceding two years, the prior certificate holder may not file an application until two years have elapsed since the date of the revocation pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1337.2.

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(h) Except as provided in subdivision (i), a certificate that is not renewed within four years after its expiration cannot be renewed, restored, reissued, or reinstated except upon completion of a certification program unless deemed otherwise by the state department if all of the following conditions are met:

- (1) No fact, circumstance, or condition exists that, if the certificate was issued, would justify its revocation or suspension.
- (2) The person pays the application fee provided for by this article.
- (3) The person takes and passes any examination that may be required of an applicant for a new certificate at that time, that shall be given by an approved provider of a certification training program.
- (i) A certified nurse assistant whose certificate has expired after two years may have his or her certificate renewed if he or she pays a training application fee, completes 75 hours in an approved competency evaluation training program, passes a competency test, and obtains a criminal background clearance prior to the renewal. The department shall develop a training program for these previously certified individuals.
- (j) Certificate holders shall notify the department within 60 days of any change of address. Any notice sent by the department shall be effective if mailed to the current address filed with the department.
- (k) Certificate holders that have been certified as both nurse assistants pursuant to this article and home health aides pursuant to Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 1725) of Division 2 shall renew their certificates at the same time on one application.
- SEC. 4. Section 1338.5 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 1338.5. (a) (1) A criminal record clearance shall be conducted for all nurse assistants by the submission of fingerprint eards images to the state department for processing at the Department of Justice. This criminal record clearance shall be completed prior to issuing or renewing a certificate, and prior to direct contact with residents. A criminal record shall be complete when the department has obtained the applicant's criminal record information from the Department of Justice, and has determined that the person is not disqualified from engaging in the activity for which clearance is required. Applicants shall be

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1 responsible for any costs associated with-rolling transmitting the 2 fingerprint-cards images. The fee to cover the processing costs of 3 the Department of Justice, not including the costs associated with 4 rolling the fingerprint cards, shall not exceed thirty-two dollars 5 (\$32) per-card submission.

- (2) (A) Upon enrollment in a training program for nurse assistant certification, and prior to direct contact with residents, a candidate for training shall submit a training and examination application—and the fingerprint cards to the state department and submit electronic fingerprint images to receive a criminal record review through the Department of Justice. Submission of the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall be at the discretion of the—state department. The criminal record shall be completed prior to direct contact with residents by the nurse assistant applicant.
- (B) New nurse assistant applicants who are unemployed and unable to pay the fee charged by the Department of Justice pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) due to financial hardship may request a waiver for a period not to exceed six months. The request for waiver shall be made in writing at the time the fingerprint card is submitted for processing. The applicant shall agree to pay the fee within six months of employment. The failure to pay the fee within the six-month period shall result in the inactivation of the applicant's certificate until the fee is paid in full.
- (b) Upon receipt of the fingerprints, the Department of Justice shall notify the state department of the criminal record information, as provided for in this subdivision. If no criminal record information has been recorded, the Department of Justice shall provide the state department with a statement of that fact. If the fingerprints are illegible, the Department of Justice shall, within 15 calendar days from receipt of the fingerprints, notify the state department of that fact.
- (c) The department shall respond to the applicant and employer within 30 days from the date of receipt of the fingerprint cards.
- (d) The use of fingerprint live-scan technology implemented by the Department of Justice by the year 1999 shall be used by the Department of Justice to generate timely and accurate positive fingerprint identification prior to nurse assistant

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certification and prior to direct contact with residents by the nurse assistant applicant.

- (e) The state department shall develop procedures to ensure that any licensee, direct care staff, or certificate holder for whom a criminal record has been obtained pursuant to this section or Section 1265.5 or 1736 shall not be required to obtain multiple criminal record clearances.
- (f) If the department receives a fingerprint card from a certified nursing assistant 60 days prior to the expiration of the certified nursing assistant's certification and the department has received no response from the Department of Justice, or if the department is experiencing a delay in processing the renewal of the certified nursing assistant's certification at the time of the expiration of the certified nursing assistant's certification, the department may extend the expiration of the certified nursing assistant's certification for 60 days. This provision shall expire August 1, 2001.
- SEC. 5. Section 1416.26 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 1416.26. (a) As part of the application process for a nursing home administrator license, an applicant shall submit—to—the department two sets of completed fingerprint cards electronic fingerprint images, for a criminal record clearance through, to the Department of Justice and the Federal Bureau of Investigation. As an alternative, the The applicant—may also shall provide proof of electronic transmission of fingerprints to the Department of Justice and the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Upon receipt of the fingerprints, the Department of Justice and the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall notify the department of the criminal record information. If no criminal record information has been recorded, the Department of Justice and the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall provide the department with a statement of that fact.
- (b) This criminal record clearance shall be completed prior to issuing a license. Applicants shall be responsible for any costs associated with the criminal record clearance. The fee to cover the processing costs of the Department of Justice, not including the costs associated with rolling the fingerprint cards transmitting the fingerprint images, shall not exceed thirty-two dollars (\$32)

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per card for state fingerprints, and shall not exceed twenty-four dollars (\$24) per-eard *submission* for federal fingerprints.

- (c) A criminal record clearance shall be completed prior to acceptance of an application by the Nursing Home Administrator Program and prior to the applicant's direct contact with patients.
- (d) A criminal record clearance shall be complete when the department has obtained the person's criminal record information from the Department of Justice and has determined that the person is not disqualified from engaging in the activity for which clearance is required.
- (e) A person subject to a criminal clearance under this section that has been disqualified from engaging in the activity for which clearance is required shall not reapply for licensure until two years after notification of denial of the criminal record clearance.
- SEC. 6. Chapter 2.6 (commencing with Section 1499) is added to Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code, to read:

## Chapter 2.6. Use of Administrative Action for Licensure

1499. (a) Any person or entity licensed or certificated under Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1200), Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 1250), Chapter 2.3 (commencing with Section 1400), Chapter 2.35 (commencing with Section 1416), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 1570), Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 1725), Chapter 8.3 (commencing with Section 1743), Chapter 8.5 (commencing with Section 1745), Chapter 8.6 (commencing with Section 1760), or Chapter 11 (commencing with Section 1794.01), or under Section 1247.6 of the Business and Professions Code, shall, in addition to all other requirements, disclose as part of the application, under penalty of perjury, for the license or certificate any revocation or other disciplinary action taken or proposed against a license, certificate, registration, or other approval to engage in a profession, vocation, or occupation, or a license or other permission to operate a facility or institution.

(b) The department may consider, in determining whether to grant or deny the license or certification, any final revocation or

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other disciplinary action taken or proposed against a license, certificate, registration, or other permission to engage in a profession, vocation, or occupation or a license or other permission to operate a facility or institution.

SEC. 7. Section 1522 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1522. The Legislature recognizes the need to generate timely and accurate positive fingerprint identification of applicants as a condition of issuing licenses, permits, or certificates of approval for persons to operate or provide direct care services in a community care facility, foster family home, or a certified family home of a licensed foster family agency. Therefore, the Legislature supports the use of the fingerprint live-scan technology, as identified in the long-range plan of the Department of Justice for fully automating the processing of fingerprints and other data by the year 1999, otherwise known as the California Crime Information Intelligence System (CAL-CII), to be used for applicant fingerprints. It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section to require the fingerprints of those individuals whose contact with community care clients may pose a risk to the clients' health and safety. An individual shall be required to obtain either a criminal record clearance from the Department of Justice or a criminal record exemption from the State Department of Social Services before his or her initial presence in a community care facility.

(a) (1) Before issuing a license or special permit to any person or persons to operate or manage a community care facility, the State Department of Social Services shall secure from an appropriate law enforcement agency a criminal record to determine whether the applicant or any other person specified in subdivision (b) has ever been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation or arrested for any crime specified in Section 290 of the Penal Code, for violating Section 245 or 273.5, of the Penal Code, subdivision (b) of Section 273a of the Penal Code, or, prior to January 1, 1994, paragraph (2) of Section 273a of the Penal Code, or for any crime for which the department cannot grant an exemption if the person was convicted and the person has not been exonerated.

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 (2) The criminal history information shall include the full criminal record, if any, of those persons, and subsequent arrest information pursuant to Section 11105.2 of the Penal Code.

- (3) Except during the 2003-04, 2004-05, and 2005-06 fiscal years, neither the Department of Justice nor the State Department of Social Services may charge a fee for the fingerprinting of an applicant for a license or special permit to operate a facility providing nonmedical board, room, and care for six or less children or for obtaining a criminal record of the applicant pursuant to this section.
- (4) The following shall apply to the criminal record information:
- (A) If the State Department of Social Services finds that the applicant, or any other person specified in subdivision (b), has been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the application shall be denied, unless the director grants an exemption pursuant to subdivision (g).
- (B) If the State Department of Social Services finds that the applicant, or any other person specified in subdivision (b) is awaiting trial for a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the State Department of Social Services may cease processing the application until the conclusion of the trial.
- (C) If no criminal record information has been recorded, the Department of Justice shall provide the applicant and the State Department of Social Services with a statement of that fact.
- (D) If the State Department of Social Services finds after licensure that the licensee, or any other person specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), has been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the license may be revoked, unless the director grants an exemption pursuant to subdivision (g).
- (E) An applicant and any other person specified in subdivision (b) shall submit a second set of fingerprints to the Department of Justice for the purpose of searching the criminal records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, in addition to the criminal records search required by this subdivision. If an applicant and all other persons described in subdivision (b) meet all of the conditions for licensure, except receipt of the Federal Bureau of Investigation's criminal history information for the applicant or any of the persons described in subdivision (b), the department

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may issue a license if the applicant and each person described in subdivision (b) has signed and submitted a statement that he or she has never been convicted of a crime in the United States, other than a traffic infraction, as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 42001 of the Vehicle Code. If, after licensure, the department determines that the licensee or any other person specified in subdivision (b) has a criminal record, the license may be revoked pursuant to Section 1550. The department may also suspend the license pending an administrative hearing pursuant to Section 1550.5.

- (F) An applicant and any other person specified in subdivision (b), as a part of the background clearance process, shall sign a declaration under penalty of perjury disclosing whether or not the person has any prior criminal convictions or arrests, or has had any prior disciplinary action taken against him or her by any federal, state, or local governmental agency.
- (b) (1) In addition to the applicant, this section shall be applicable to criminal convictions of the following persons:
- (A) Adults responsible for administration or direct supervision of staff.
  - (B) Any person, other than a client, residing in the facility.
- (C) Any person who provides client assistance in dressing, grooming, bathing, or personal hygiene. Any nurse assistant or home health aide meeting the requirements of Section 1338.5 or 1736.6, respectively, who is not employed, retained, or contracted by the licensee, and who has been certified or recertified on or after July 1, 1998, shall be deemed to meet the criminal record clearance requirements of this section. A certified nurse assistant and certified home health aide who will be providing client assistance and who falls under this exemption shall provide one copy of his or her current certification, prior to providing care, to the community care facility. The facility shall maintain the copy of the certification on file as long as care is being provided by the certified nurse assistant or certified home health aide at the facility. Nothing in this paragraph restricts the right of the department to exclude a certified nurse assistant or certified home health aide from a licensed community care facility pursuant to Section 1558.
- (D) Any staff person, volunteer, or employee who has contact with the clients.

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(E) If the applicant is a firm, partnership, association, or corporation, the chief executive officer or other person serving in like capacity.

- (F) Additional officers of the governing body of the applicant, or other persons with a financial interest in the applicant, as determined necessary by the department by regulation. The criteria used in the development of these regulations shall be based on the person's capability to exercise substantial influence over the operation of the facility.
- (2) The following persons are exempt from the requirements applicable under paragraph (1):
- (A) A medical professional as defined in department regulations who holds a valid license or certification from the person's governing California medical care regulatory entity and who is not employed, retained, or contracted by the licensee if all of the following apply:
- (i) The criminal record of the person has been cleared as a condition of licensure or certification by the person's governing California medical care regulatory entity.
- (ii) The person is providing time-limited specialized clinical care or services.
- (iii) The person is providing care or services within the person's scope of practice.
- (iv) The person is not a community care facility licensee or an employee of the facility.
- (B) A third-party repair person or similar retained contractor if all of the following apply:
  - (i) The person is hired for a defined, time-limited iob.
  - (ii) The person is not left alone with clients.
- (iii) When clients are present in the room in which the repairperson or contractor is working, a staff person who has a criminal record clearance or exemption is also present.
- (C) Employees of a licensed home health agency and other members of licensed hospice interdisciplinary teams who have a contract with a client or resident of the facility and are in the facility at the request of that client or resident's legal decisionmaker. The exemption does not apply to a person who is a community care facility licensee or an employee of the facility.
- (D) Clergy and other spiritual caregivers who are performing services in common areas of the community care facility or who

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are advising an individual client at the request of, or with the permission of, the client or legal decisionmaker, are exempt from fingerprint and criminal background check requirements imposed by community care licensing. This exemption does not apply to a person who is a community care licensee or employee of the facility.

- (E) Members of fraternal, service, or similar organizations who conduct group activities for clients if all of the following apply:
  - (i) Members are not left alone with clients.

- (ii) Members do not transport clients off the facility premises.
- (iii) The same organization does not conduct group activities for clients more often than defined by the department's regulations.
- (3) In addition to the exemptions in paragraph (2), the following persons in foster family homes, certified family homes, and small family homes are exempt from the requirements applicable under paragraph (1):
- (A) Adult friends and family of the licensed or certified foster parent, who come into the home to visit for a length of time no longer than defined by the department in regulations, provided that the adult friends and family of the licensee are not left alone with the foster children. However, the licensee, acting as a reasonable and prudent parent, as defined in paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 362.04 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, may allow his or her adult friends and family to provide short-term care to the foster child and act as an appropriate occasional short-term babysitter for the child.
- (B) Parents of a foster child's friends when the foster child is visiting the friend's home and the friend, licensed or certified foster parent, or both are also present. However, the licensee, acting as a reasonable and prudent parent, may allow the parent of the foster child's friends to act as an appropriate short-term babysitter for the child without the friend being present.
- (C) Individuals who are engaged by any licensed or certified foster parent to provide short-term care to the child for periods not to exceed 24 hours. Caregivers shall use a reasonable and prudent parent standard in selecting appropriate individuals to act as appropriate occasional short-term babysitters.

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 (4) In addition to the exemptions specified in paragraph (2), the following persons in adult day care and adult day support centers are exempt from the requirements applicable under paragraph (1):

- (A) Unless contraindicated by the client's individualized program plan (IPP) or needs and service plan, a spouse, significant other, relative, or close friend of a client, or an attendant or a facilitator for a client with a developmental disability if the attendant or facilitator is not employed, retained, or contracted by the licensee. This exemption applies only if the person is visiting the client or providing direct care and supervision to the client.
  - (B) A volunteer if all of the following applies:
- (i) The volunteer is supervised by the licensee or a facility employee with a criminal record clearance or exemption.
  - (ii) The volunteer is never left alone with clients.
- (iii) The volunteer does not provide any client assistance with dressing, grooming, bathing, or personal hygiene other than washing of hands.
- (5) (A) In addition to the exemptions specified in paragraph (2), the following persons in adult residential and social rehabilitation facilities, unless contraindicated by the client's individualized program plan (IPP) or needs and services plan, are exempt from the requirements applicable under paragraph (1): a spouse, significant other, relative, or close friend of a client, or an attendant or a facilitator for a client with a developmental disability if the attendant or facilitator is not employed, retained, or contracted by the licensee. This exemption applies only if the person is visiting the client or providing direct care and supervision to that client.
- (B) Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent a licensee from requiring a criminal record clearance of any individual exempt from the requirements of this section, provided that the individual has client contact.
- (6) Any person similar to those described in this subdivision, as defined by the department in regulations.
- (c) (1) Subsequent to initial licensure, any person specified in subdivision (b) and not exempted from fingerprinting shall, as a condition to employment, residence, or presence in a community care facility, be fingerprinted and sign a declaration under

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penalty of perjury regarding any prior criminal convictions. The licensee shall submit these fingerprints to the Department of 3 Justice, along with a second set of fingerprints for the purpose of 4 searching the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or 5 to comply with paragraph (1) of subdivision (h), prior to the 6 person's employment, residence, or initial presence in the 7 community care facility. These fingerprints shall be on a card 8 provided by the State Department of Social Services or sent by electronic transmission in a manner approved by the State 10 Department of Social Services and the Department of Justice for 11 the purpose of obtaining a permanent set of fingerprints, and 12 shall be submitted to the Department of Justice by the licensee. A 13 licensee's failure to submit fingerprints to the Department of 14 Justice or to comply with paragraph (1) of subdivision (h), as 15 required in this section, shall result in the citation of a deficiency and the immediate assessment of civil penalties in the amount of 16 17 one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation, per day for a maximum 18 of five days, unless the violation is a second or subsequent 19 violation within a 12-month period in which case the civil 20 penalties shall be in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) 21 per violation for a maximum of 30 days, and shall be grounds for 22 disciplining the licensee pursuant to Section 1550. The 23 department may assess civil penalties for continued violations as permitted by Section 1548. The fingerprints shall then be 24 25 submitted to the State Department of Social Services for 26 processing. Upon request of the licensee, who shall enclose a 27 self-addressed stamped postcard for this purpose, the Department 28 of Justice shall verify receipt of the fingerprints. 29

(2) Within 14 calendar days of the receipt of the fingerprints, the Department of Justice shall notify the State Department of Social Services of the criminal record information, as provided for in subdivision (a). If no criminal record information has been recorded, the Department of Justice shall provide the licensee and the State Department of Social Services with a statement of that fact within 14 calendar days of receipt of the fingerprints. Documentation of the individual's clearance or exemption shall be maintained by the licensee and be available for inspection. If new fingerprints are required for processing, the Department of Justice shall, within 14 calendar days from the date of receipt of the fingerprints, notify the licensee that the fingerprints were

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illegible. When live-scan technology is operational, as defined in Section 1522.04, the Department of Justice shall notify the State 3 Department of Social Services, as required by that section, and 4 shall also notify the licensee by mail, within 14 days of electronic 5 transmission of the fingerprints to the Department of Justice, if the person has no criminal history recorded. A violation of the 6 7 regulations adopted pursuant to Section 1522.04 shall result in 8 the citation of a deficiency and an immediate assessment of civil penalties in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation, per day for a maximum of five days, unless the 10 violation is a second or subsequent violation within a 12-month 11 period in which case the civil penalties shall be in the amount of 12 13 one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation for a maximum of 30 14 days, and shall be grounds for disciplining the licensee pursuant to Section 1550. The department may assess civil penalties for 15 continued violations as permitted by Section 1548. 16 17

(3) Except for persons specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), the licensee shall endeavor to ascertain the previous employment history of persons required to be fingerprinted under this subdivision. If it is determined by the State Department of Social Services, on the basis of the fingerprints submitted to the Department of Justice, that the person has been convicted of, or is awaiting trial for, a sex offense against a minor, or has been convicted for an offense specified in Section 243.4, 273a, 273d, 273g, or 368 of the Penal Code, or a felony, the State Department of Social Services shall notify the licensee to act immediately to terminate the person's employment, remove the person from the community care facility, or bar the person from entering the community care facility. The State Department of Social Services may subsequently grant an exemption pursuant to subdivision (g). If the conviction or arrest was for another crime, except a minor traffic violation, the licensee shall, upon notification by the State Department of Social Services, act immediately to either (A) terminate the person's employment, remove the person from the community care facility, or bar the person from entering the community care facility; or (B) seek an exemption pursuant to subdivision (g). The State Department of Social Services shall determine if the person shall be allowed to remain in the facility until a decision on the exemption is rendered. A licensee's failure \_\_ 25 \_\_ SB 1759

to comply with the department's prohibition of employment, contact with clients, or presence in the facility as required by this paragraph shall be grounds for disciplining the licensee pursuant to Section 1550.

- (4) The department may issue an exemption on its own motion pursuant to subdivision (g) if the person's criminal history indicates that the person is of good character based on the age, seriousness, and frequency of the conviction or convictions. The department, in consultation with interested parties, shall develop regulations to establish the criteria to grant an exemption pursuant to this paragraph.
- (5) Concurrently with notifying the licensee pursuant to paragraph (3), the department shall notify the affected individual of his or her right to seek an exemption pursuant to subdivision (g). The individual may seek an exemption only if the licensee terminates the person's employment or removes the person from the facility after receiving notice from the department pursuant to paragraph (3).
- (d) (1) Before issuing a license, special permit, or certificate of approval to any person or persons to operate or manage a foster family home or certified family home as described in Section 1506, the State Department of Social Services or other approving authority shall secure from an appropriate law enforcement agency a criminal record to determine whether the applicant or any person specified in subdivision (b) has ever been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation or arrested for any crime specified in Section 290 of the Penal Code, for violating Section 245 or 273.5, subdivision (b) of Section 273a or, prior to January 1, 1994, paragraph (2) of Section 273a of the Penal Code, or for any crime for which the department cannot grant an exemption if the person was convicted and the person has not been exonerated.
- (2) The criminal history information shall include the full criminal record, if any, of those persons.
- (3) Neither the Department of Justice nor the State Department of Social Services may charge a fee for the fingerprinting of an applicant for a license, special permit, or certificate of approval described in this subdivision. The record, if any, shall be taken into consideration when evaluating a prospective applicant.

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(4) The following shall apply to the criminal record information:

- (A) If the applicant or other persons specified in subdivision (b) have convictions that would make the applicant's home unfit as a foster family home or a certified family home, the license, special permit, or certificate of approval shall be denied.
- (B) If the State Department of Social Services finds that the applicant, or any person specified in subdivision (b) is awaiting trial for a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the State Department of Social Services or other approving authority may cease processing the application until the conclusion of the trial.
- (C) For the purposes of this subdivision, a criminal record clearance provided under Section 8712 of the Family Code may be used by the department or other approving agency.
- (D) An applicant for a foster family home license or for certification as a family home, and any other person specified in subdivision (b), shall submit a set of fingerprints to the Department of Justice for the purpose of searching the criminal records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, in addition to the criminal records search required by subdivision (a). If an applicant meets all other conditions for licensure, except receipt of the Federal Bureau of Investigation's criminal history information for the applicant and all persons described in subdivision (b), the department may issue a license, or the foster family agency may issue a certificate of approval, if the applicant, and each person described in subdivision (b), has signed and submitted a statement that he or she has never been convicted of a crime in the United States, other than a traffic infraction, as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 42001 of the Vehicle Code. If, after licensure or certification, the department determines that the licensee, certified foster parent, or any person specified in subdivision (b) has a criminal record, the license may be revoked pursuant to Section 1550 and the certificate of approval revoked pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 1534. The department may also suspend the license pending an administrative hearing pursuant to Section 1550.5.
- (5) Any person specified in this subdivision shall, as a part of the application, be fingerprinted and sign a declaration under penalty of perjury regarding any prior criminal convictions or

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or, any crime for which the department cannot grant an exemption if the person was convicted and shall submit these fingerprints to the licensing agency or other approving authority. (6) (A) The foster family agency shall obtain fingerprints from certified home applicants and from persons specified in subdivision (b) and shall submit them directly to the Department of Justice or send them by electronic transmission in a manner approved by the State Department of Social Services. A foster family home licensee or foster family agency shall submit these fingerprints to the Department of Justice, along with a second set of fingerprints for the purpose of searching the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation or to comply with paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) prior to the person's employment, residence, or initial presence. A foster family agency's failure to submit fingerprints to the Department of Justice, or comply with paragraph (1) of subdivision (h), as required in this section, shall result in a citation of a deficiency, and the immediate civil penalties of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation, per day for a maximum of five days, unless the violation is a second or subsequent violation within a 12-month period in which case the civil penalties shall be in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation for a maximum of 30 days, and shall be grounds for disciplining the licensee pursuant to Section 1550. A violation of the regulation adopted pursuant to Section 1522.04 shall result in the citation of a deficiency and an immediate assessment of civil penalties in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation, per day for a maximum of five days, unless the violation is a second or subsequent violation within a 12-month period in which case the civil penalties shall be in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation for a maximum of 30 days, and shall be grounds for disciplining the foster family agency pursuant to Section 1550. A licensee's failure to submit fingerprints to the Department of Justice, or comply with paragraph (1) of subdivision (h), as required in this section, may result in the citation of a deficiency and immediate civil penalties of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation. A licensee's violation of regulations adopted pursuant to Section 1522.04 may result in the citation of a deficiency and an

immediate assessment of civil penalties in the amount of one

arrests for any crime against a child, spousal or cohabitant abuse

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1 hundred dollars (\$100) per violation. The State Department of 2 Social Services may assess penalties for continued violations, as 3 permitted by Section 1548. The fingerprints shall then be 4 submitted to the State Department of Social Services for 5 processing.

- (B) Upon request of the licensee, who shall enclose a self-addressed envelope for this purpose, the Department of Justice shall verify receipt of the fingerprints. Within five working days of the receipt of the criminal record or information regarding criminal convictions from the Department of Justice, the department shall notify the applicant of any criminal arrests or convictions. If no arrests or convictions are recorded, the Department of Justice shall provide the foster family home licensee or the foster family agency with a statement of that fact concurrent with providing the information to the State Department of Social Services.
- (7) If the State Department of Social Services finds that the applicant, or any other person specified in subdivision (b), has been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the application shall be denied, unless the director grants an exemption pursuant to subdivision (g).
- (8) If the State Department of Social Services finds after licensure or the granting of the certificate of approval that the licensee, certified foster parent, or any other person specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), has been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the license or certificate of approval may be revoked by the department or the foster family agency, whichever is applicable, unless the director grants an exemption pursuant to subdivision (g). A licensee's failure to comply with the department's prohibition of employment, contact with clients, or presence in the facility as required by paragraph (3) of subdivision (c) shall be grounds for disciplining the licensee pursuant to Section 1550.
- (e) The State Department of Social Services may not use a record of arrest to deny, revoke, or terminate any application, license, employment, or residence unless the department investigates the incident and secures evidence, whether or not related to the incident of arrest, that is admissible in an administrative hearing to establish conduct by the person that may pose a risk to the health and safety of any person who is or

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may become a client. The State Department of Social Services is authorized to obtain any arrest or conviction records or reports from any law enforcement agency as necessary to the performance of its duties to inspect, license, and investigate community care facilities and individuals associated with a community care facility.

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- (f) (1) For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, a conviction means a plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere. Any action that the State Department of Social Services is permitted to take following the establishment of a conviction may be taken when the time for appeal has elapsed, when the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal, or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, notwithstanding a subsequent order pursuant to Sections 1203.4 and 1203.4a of the Penal Code permitting the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or indictment. For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, the record of a conviction, or a copy thereof certified by the clerk of the court or by a judge of the court in which the conviction occurred, shall be conclusive evidence of the conviction. For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, the arrest disposition report certified by the Department of Justice, or documents admissible in a criminal action pursuant to Section 969b of the Penal Code, shall be prima facie evidence of the conviction, notwithstanding any other provision of law prohibiting the admission of these documents in a civil or administrative action.
- (2) For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, the department shall consider criminal convictions from another state or federal court as if the criminal offense was committed in this state.
- (g) (1) After review of the record, the director may grant an exemption from disqualification for a license or special permit as specified in paragraphs (1) and (4) of subdivision (a), or for a license, special permit, or certificate of approval as specified in paragraphs (4) and (5) of subdivision (d), or for employment, residence, or presence in a community care facility as specified in paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) of subdivision (c), if the director

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has substantial and convincing evidence to support a reasonable belief that the applicant and the person convicted of the crime, if other than the applicant, are of good character as to justify issuance of the license or special permit or granting an exemption for purposes of subdivision (c). Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, an exemption may not be granted pursuant to this subdivision if the conviction was for any of the following offenses:

- (A) (i) An offense specified in Section 220, 243.4, or 264.1, subdivision (a) of Section 273a or, prior to January 1, 1994, paragraph (1) of Section 273a, Section 273d, 288, or 289, subdivision (a) of Section 290, or Section 368 of the Penal Code, or was a conviction of another crime against an individual specified in subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 of the Penal Code.
- (ii) Notwithstanding clause (i), the director may grant an exemption regarding the conviction for an offense described in paragraph (1), (2), (7), or (8) of subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 of the Penal Code, if the employee or prospective employee has been rehabilitated as provided in Section 4852.03 of the Penal Code, has maintained the conduct required in Section 4852.05 of the Penal Code for at least 10 years, and has the recommendation of the district attorney representing the employee's county of residence, or if the employee or prospective employee has received a certificate of rehabilitation pursuant to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 4852.01) of Title 6 of Part 3 of the Penal Code.
- (B) A felony offense specified in Section 729 of the Business and Professions Code or Section 206 or 215, subdivision (a) of Section 347, subdivision (b) of Section 417, or subdivision (a) of Section 451 of the Penal Code.
- (2) The department may not prohibit a person from being employed or having contact with clients in a facility on the basis of a denied criminal record exemption request or arrest information unless the department complies with the requirements of Section 1558. Notwithstanding subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of, and subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) of, subdivision (h), of Section 1558, if a request for an exemption has been denied, or an exemption has been revoked, the individual shall be prohibited for a period of two years from seeking reinstatement or an exemption, unless the individual has

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been convicted of a crime for which no exemption can be granted. If a request for an exemption has been denied based on conviction for a crime for which no exemption may be granted, the individual shall be excluded for the remainder of his or her life.

- (h) (1) For purposes of compliance with this section, the department may permit an individual to transfer a current criminal record clearance, as defined in subdivision (a), from one facility to another, as long as the criminal record clearance has been processed through a state licensing district office, and is being transferred to another facility licensed by a state licensing district office. The request shall be in writing to the State Department of Social Services, and shall include a copy of the person's driver's license or valid identification card issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles, or a valid photo identification issued by another state or the United States government if the person is not a California resident. Upon request of the licensee, who shall enclose a self-addressed envelope for this purpose, the State Department of Social Services shall verify whether the individual has a clearance that can be transferred.
- (2) The State Department of Social Services shall hold criminal record clearances in its active files for a minimum of two years after an employee is no longer employed at a licensed facility in order for the criminal record clearance to be transferred.
- (3) The following shall apply to a criminal record clearance or exemption from the department or a county office with department delegated licensing authority:
- (A) A county office with department delegated licensing authority may accept a clearance or exemption from the department.
- (B) The department may accept a clearance or exemption from any county office with department delegated licensing authority.
- (C) A county office with department delegated licensing authority may accept a clearance or exemption from any other county office with department delegated licensing authority.
- (4) With respect to notifications issued by the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 11105.2 of the Penal Code concerning an individual whose criminal record clearance was originally

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processed by the department or a county office with department delegated licensing authority, all of the following shall apply:

- (A) The Department of Justice shall process a request from the department or a county office with department delegated licensing authority to receive the notice only if all of the following conditions are met:
- (i) The request shall be submitted to the Department of Justice by the agency to be substituted to receive the notification.
- (ii) The request shall be for the same applicant type as the type for which the original clearance was obtained.
- (iii) The request shall contain all prescribed data elements and format protocols pursuant to a written agreement between the department and the Department of Justice.
- (B) (i) On or before January 7, 2005, the department shall notify the Department of Justice of all county offices that have department delegated licensing authority.
- (ii) The department shall notify the Department of Justice within 15 calendar days of the date on which a new county office receives department delegated licensing authority or a county's delegated licensing authority is rescinded.
- (C) The Department of Justice shall charge the department or a county office with department delegated licensing authority a fee for each time a request to substitute the recipient agency is received for purposes of this paragraph. This fee shall not exceed the cost of providing the service.
- (i) The full criminal record obtained for purposes of this section may be used by the department or by a licensed adoption agency as a clearance required for adoption purposes.
- (j) If a licensee or facility is required by law to deny employment or to terminate employment of any employee based on written notification from the state department that the employee has a prior criminal conviction or is determined unsuitable for employment under Section 1558, the licensee or facility shall not incur civil liability or unemployment insurance liability as a result of that denial or termination.
- (k) (1) The Department of Justice shall coordinate with the State Department of Social Services to establish and implement an automated live-scan processing system for fingerprints in the district offices of the Community Care Licensing Division of the State Department of Social Services by July 1, 1999. These

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live-scan processing units shall be connected to the main system at the Department of Justice by July 1, 1999, and shall become part of that department's pilot project in accordance with its long-range plan. The State Department of Social Services may charge a fee for the costs of processing a set of live-scan fingerprints.

- (2) The Department of Justice shall provide a report to the Senate and Assembly fiscal committees, the Assembly Human Services Committee, and to the Senate Health and Human Services Committee by April 15, 1999, regarding the completion of backlogged criminal record clearance requests for all facilities licensed by the State Department of Social Services and the progress on implementing the automated live-scan processing system in the two district offices pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (1) Amendments to this section made in the 1999 portion of the 1999-2000 Regular Session shall be implemented commencing 60 days after the effective date of the act amending this section in the 1999 portion of the 1999-2000 Regular Session, except that those provisions for the submission of fingerprints for searching the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall be implemented 90 days after the effective date of that act.
- SEC. 8. Section 1568.09 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1568.09. It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section to require the fingerprints of those individuals whose contact with residents of residential care facilities for persons with a chronic, life-threatening illness may pose a risk to the residents' health and safety.

Therefore, the Legislature supports the use of the fingerprint live-scan technology, as identified in the long-range plan of the Department of Justice for fully automating the processing of fingerprints and other data by the year 1999, otherwise known as the California Crime Information Intelligence System (CAL-CII), to be used for applicant fingerprints. It is the intent of the Legislature, in enacting this section, to require the fingerprints of those individuals whose contact with community care clients may pose a risk to the clients' health and safety. An individual shall be required to obtain either a criminal record clearance from the Department of Justice or a criminal record exemption from the State Department of Social Services before his or her

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initial presence in a residential care facility for persons with chronic, life-threatening illness.

- (a) (1) Before issuing a license to any person or persons to operate or manage a residential care facility, the department shall secure from an appropriate law enforcement agency a criminal record to determine whether the applicant or any other person specified in subdivision (b) has ever been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation or arrested for any crime specified in Section 290 of the Penal Code, for violating Section 245 or 273.5, subdivision (b) of Section 273a or, prior to January 1, 1994, paragraph (2) of Section 273a of the Penal Code, or for any crime for which the department cannot grant an exemption if the person was convicted and the person has not been exonerated.
- (2) The criminal history information shall include the full criminal record if any, of those persons, and subsequent arrest information pursuant to Section 11105.2 of the Penal Code.
- (3) The following shall apply to the criminal record information:
- (A) If the State Department of Social Services finds that the applicant or any other person specified in subdivision (b) has been convicted of a crime, other than a minor traffic violation, the application shall be denied, unless the director grants an exemption pursuant to subdivision (f).
- (B) If the State Department of Social Services finds that the applicant, or any other person specified in subdivision (b) is awaiting trial for a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the State Department of Social Services may cease processing the application until the conclusion of the trial.
- (C) If no criminal record information has been recorded, the Department of Justice shall provide the applicant and the State Department of Social Services with a statement of that fact.
- (D) If the State Department of Social Services finds after licensure that the licensee, or any other person specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), has been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the license may be revoked, unless the director grants an exemption pursuant to subdivision (f).
- (E) An applicant and any other person specified in subdivision (b) shall submit to the Department of Justice a second set of fingerprints for the purpose of searching the records of the

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Federal Bureau of Investigation, in addition to the search required by this subdivision. If an applicant meets all other conditions for licensure, except receipt of the Federal Bureau of Investigation's criminal history information for the applicant and persons listed in subdivision (b), the department may issue a license if the applicant and each person described by subdivision (b) has signed and submitted a statement that he or she has never been convicted of a crime in the United States, other than a traffic infraction as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 42001 of the Vehicle Code. If, after licensure, the department determines that the licensee or person specified in subdivision (b) has a criminal record, the license may be revoked pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 1568.082. The department may also suspend the license pending an administrative hearing pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 1568.082. 

(F) An applicant and any other person specified in subdivision (b), as a part of the background clearance process, shall sign a declaration under penalty of perjury disclosing whether or not the person has any prior criminal convictions or arrests, or has had any prior disciplinary action taken against him or her by any federal, state, or local governmental agency.

- (b) In addition to the applicant, the provisions of this section shall be applicable to criminal convictions of the following persons:
- (1) Adults responsible for administration or direct supervision of staff of the facility.
  - (2) Any person, other than a resident, residing in the facility.
- (3) Any person who provides resident assistance in dressing, grooming, bathing, or personal hygiene. Any nurse assistant or home health aide meeting the requirements of Section 1338.5 or 1736.6, respectively, who is not employed, retained, or contracted by the licensee, and who has been certified or recertified on or after July 1, 1998, shall be deemed to meet the criminal record clearance requirements of this section. A certified nurse assistant and certified home health aide who will be providing client assistance and who falls under this exemption shall provide one copy of his or her current certification, prior to providing care, to the residential care facility for persons with chronic, life-threatening illness. The facility shall maintain the copy of the certification on file as long as care is being provided

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by the certified nurse assistant or certified home health aide at the facility. Nothing in this paragraph restricts the right of the department to exclude a certified nurse assistant or certified home health aide from a licensed residential care facility for persons with chronic, life-threatening illness pursuant to Section 1568.092.

- (4) (A) Any staff person, volunteer, or employee who has contact with the residents.
- (B) A volunteer shall be exempt from the requirements of this subdivision if he or she is a relative, significant other, or close friend of a client receiving care in the facility and the volunteer does not provide direct care and supervision of residents. A volunteer who provides direct care and supervision shall be exempt if the volunteer is a resident's spouse, significant other, close friend, or family member and provides direct care and supervision to that resident only at the request of the resident. The department may define in regulations persons similar to those described in this subparagraph who may be exempt from the requirements of this subdivision.
- (5) If the applicant is a firm, partnership, association, or corporation, the chief executive officer or other person serving in that capacity.
- (6) Additional officers of the governing body of the applicant, or other persons with a financial interest in the applicant, as determined necessary by the department by regulation. The criteria used in the development of these regulations shall be based on the person's capability to exercise substantial influence over the operation of the facility.
- (c) (1) (A) Subsequent to initial licensure, any person specified in subdivision (b) and not exempted from fingerprinting shall, as a condition to employment, residence, or presence in a residential care facility, be fingerprinted and sign a declaration under penalty of perjury regarding any prior criminal convictions. The licensee shall submit these fingerprints to the Department of Justice, along with a second set of fingerprints, for the purpose of searching the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or to comply with paragraph (1) of subdivision (g), prior to the person's employment, residence, or initial presence in the residential care facility.

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- (B) These fingerprints shall be on a card provided by the State Department of Social Services for the purpose of obtaining a permanent set of fingerprints and submitted to the Department of Justice by the licensee or sent by electronic transmission in a manner approved by the State Department of Social Services. A licensee's failure to submit fingerprints to the Department of Justice, or to comply with paragraph (1) of subdivision (g), as required in this section, shall result in the citation of a deficiency and an immediate assessment of civil penalties in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation, per day for a maximum of five days, unless the violation is a second or subsequent violation within a 12-month period in which case the civil penalties shall be in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation for a maximum of 30 days, and shall be grounds for disciplining the licensee pursuant to Section 1568.082. The State Department of Social Services may assess civil penalties for continued violations as allowed in Section 1568.0822. The fingerprints shall then be submitted to the State Department of Social Services for processing. The licensee shall maintain and make available for inspection documentation of the individual's clearance or exemption.
  - (2) A violation of the regulations adopted pursuant to Section 1522.04 shall result in the citation of a deficiency and an immediate assessment of civil penalties in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation per day for a maximum of five days, unless the violation is a second or subsequent violation within a 12-month period in which case the civil penalties shall be in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation for a maximum of 30 days, and shall be grounds for disciplining the licensee pursuant to Section 1568.082. The department may assess civil penalties for continued violations as permitted by Section 1568.0822.

 (3) Within 14 calendar days of the receipt of the fingerprints, the Department of Justice shall notify the State Department of Social Services of the criminal record information, as provided for in this subdivision. If no criminal record information has been recorded, the Department of Justice shall provide the licensee and the State Department of Social Services with a statement of that fact within 14 calendar days of receipt of the fingerprints. If new fingerprints are required for processing, the Department of

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Justice shall, within 14 calendar days from the date of receipt of the fingerprints, notify the licensee that the fingerprints were illegible. When live-scan technology is operational, as defined in Section 1522.04, the Department of Justice shall notify the department, as required by that section, and shall notify the licensee by mail within 14 days of electronic transmission of the fingerprints to the Department of Justice, if the person has no criminal history record.

(4) Except for persons specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), the licensee shall endeavor to ascertain the previous employment history of persons required to be fingerprinted under this subdivision. If it is determined by the State Department of Social Services, on the basis of the fingerprints submitted to the Department of Justice, that the person has been convicted of a sex offense against a minor, an offense specified in Section 243.4, 273a, 273d, 273g, or 368 of the Penal Code, or a felony, the department shall notify the licensee to act immediately to terminate the person's employment, remove the person from the residential care facility, or bar the person from entering the residential care facility. The department may subsequently grant an exemption pursuant to subdivision (f). If the conviction was for another crime, except a minor traffic violation, the licensee shall, upon notification by the department, act immediately to either (1) terminate the person's employment, remove the person from the residential care facility, or bar the person from entering the residential care facility; or (2) seek an exemption pursuant to subdivision (f). The department shall determine if the person shall be allowed to remain in the facility until a decision on the exemption is rendered. A licensee's failure to comply with the department's prohibition of employment, contact with clients, or presence in the facility as required by this paragraph shall result in a citation of deficiency and an immediate assessment of civil penalties by the department against the licensee, in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation, per day for a maximum of five days, unless the violation is a second or subsequent violation within a 12-month period in which case the civil penalties shall be in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation for a maximum of 30 days, and shall be grounds for disciplining the licensee pursuant to Section 1568.082.

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(5) The department may issue an exemption on its own motion pursuant to subdivision (f) if the person's criminal history indicates that the person is of good character based on the age, seriousness, and frequency of the conviction or convictions. The department, in consultation with interested parties, shall develop regulations to establish the criteria to grant an exemption pursuant to this paragraph.

- (6) Concurrently with notifying the licensee pursuant to paragraph (4), the department shall notify the affected individual of his or her right to seek an exemption pursuant to subdivision (f). The individual may seek an exemption only if the licensee terminates the person's employment or removes the person from the facility after receiving notice from the department pursuant to paragraph (4).
- (d) (1) For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, a conviction means a plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere. Any action that the department is permitted to take following the establishment of a conviction may be taken when the time for appeal has elapsed, when the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal, or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of the sentence, notwithstanding a subsequent order pursuant to Sections 1203.4 and 1203.4a of the Penal Code permitting that person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or indictment. For purposes of this chapter, the record of a conviction, or a copy thereof certified by the clerk of the court or by a judge of the court in which the conviction occurred, shall be conclusive evidence of the conviction. For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, the arrest disposition report certified by the Department of Justice, or documents admissible in a criminal action pursuant to Section 969b of the Penal Code, shall be prima facie evidence of the conviction, notwithstanding any other provision of law prohibiting the admission of these documents in a civil or administrative action.
- (2) For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, the department shall consider criminal convictions from another state or federal court as if the criminal offense was committed in this state.

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(e) The State Department of Social Services may not use a record of arrest to deny, revoke, or terminate any application, license, employment, or residence unless the department investigates the incident and secures evidence, whether or not related to the incident of arrest, that is admissible in an administrative hearing to establish conduct by the person that may pose a risk to the health and safety of any person who is or may become a client. The State Department of Social Services is authorized to obtain any arrest or conviction records or reports from any law enforcement agency as necessary to the performance of its duties to inspect, license, and investigate community care facilities and individuals associated with a community care facility.

- (f) (1) After review of the record, the director may grant an exemption from disqualification for a license as specified in paragraphs (1) and (4) of subdivision (a), or for employment, residence, or presence in a residential care facility as specified in paragraphs (4), (5), and (6) of subdivision (c) if the director has substantial and convincing evidence to support a reasonable belief that the applicant and the person convicted of the crime, if other than the applicant, are of such good character as to justify issuance of the license or special permit or granting an exemption for purposes of subdivision (c). However, an exemption may not be granted pursuant to this subdivision if the conviction was for any of the following offenses:
- (A) An offense specified in Section 220, 243.4, or 264.1, subdivision (a) of Section 273a or, prior to January 1, 1994, paragraph (1) of Section 273a, Section 273d, 288, or 289, subdivision (a) of Section 290, or Section 368 of the Penal Code, or was a conviction of another crime against an individual specified in subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 of the Penal Code.
- (B) A felony offense specified in Section 729 of the Business and Professional Code or Section 206 or 215, subdivision (a) of Section 347, subdivision (b) of Section 417, or subdivision (a) of Section 451 of the Penal Code.
- (2) The department may not prohibit a person from being employed or having contact with clients in a facility on the basis of a denied criminal record exemption request or arrest information unless the department complies with the requirements of Section 1568.092. *Notwithstanding*

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subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of, and subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) of, subdivision (h) of Section 1568.092, if a 3 request for an exemption has been denied, or an exemption has 4 been revoked, the individual shall be prohibited for a period of 5 two years from seeking reinstatement or an exemption, unless the 6 individual has been convicted of a crime for which no exemption can be granted. If a request for an exemption has been denied based on conviction for a crime for which no exemption may be granted, the individual shall be excluded for the remainder of his 10 or her life.

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- (g) (1) For purposes of compliance with this section, the department may permit an individual to transfer a current criminal record clearance, as defined in subdivision (a), from one facility to another, as long as the criminal record clearance has been processed through a state licensing district office, and is being transferred to another facility licensed by a state licensing district office. The request shall be in writing to the department, and shall include a copy of the person's driver's license or valid identification card issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles, or a valid photo identification issued by another state or the United States government if the person is not a California resident. Upon request of the licensee, who shall enclose a self-addressed stamped envelope for this purpose, the department shall verify whether the individual has a clearance that can be transferred.
- (2) The State Department of Social Services shall hold criminal record clearances in its active files for a minimum of two years after an employee is no longer employed at a licensed facility in order for the criminal record clearance to be transferred.
- (h) If a licensee or facility is required by law to deny employment or to terminate employment of any employee based on written notification from the state department that the employee has a prior criminal conviction or is determined unsuitable for employment under Section 1568.092, the licensee or facility shall not incur civil liability or unemployment insurance liability as a result of that denial or termination.
- (i) (1) The Department of Justice shall charge a fee sufficient to cover its cost in providing services to comply with the 14-day

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requirement contained in subdivision (c) for provision to the department of criminal record information.

- (2) Paragraph (1) shall cease to be implemented when the department adopts emergency regulations pursuant to Section 1522.04, and shall become inoperative when permanent regulations are adopted under that section.
- (j) Amendments to the provisions of this section made in the 1998 calendar year shall be implemented commencing 60 days after the effective date of the act amending this section in the 1998 calendar year, except those provisions for the submission of fingerprints for searching the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, which shall be implemented commencing January 1, 1999.

SEC. 9. Section 1569.17 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1569.17. The Legislature recognizes the need to generate timely and accurate positive fingerprint identification of applicants as a condition of issuing licenses, permits, or certificates of approval for persons to operate or provide direct care services in a residential care facility for the elderly. The Legislature supports the use of the fingerprint live-scan technology, as identified in the long-range plan of the Department of Justice for fully automating the processing of fingerprints and other data by the year 1999. It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section to require the fingerprints of those individuals whose contact with clients of residential care facilities for the elderly may pose a risk to the clients' health and safety. An individual shall be required to obtain either a criminal record clearance from the Department of Justice or a criminal record exemption from the State Department of Social Services before his or her initial presence in a residential care facility for the elderly.

(a) (1) Before issuing a license to any person or persons to operate or manage a residential care facility for the elderly, the department shall secure from an appropriate law enforcement agency a criminal record to determine whether the applicant or any other person specified in subdivision (b) has ever been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation or arrested for any crime specified in Section 290 of the Penal Code, for violating Section 245 or 273.5, subdivision (b) of

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1 Section 273a or, prior to January 1, 1994, paragraph (2) of 2 Section 273a of the Penal Code, or for any crime for which the 3 department cannot grant an exemption if the person was 4 convicted and the person has not been exonerated.

- (2) The criminal history information shall include the full criminal record, if any, of those persons, and subsequent arrest information pursuant to Section 11105.2 of the Penal Code.
- (3) The following shall apply to the criminal record information:
- (A) If the State Department of Social Services finds that the applicant or any other person specified in subdivision (b) has been convicted of a crime, other than a minor traffic violation, the application shall be denied, unless the director grants an exemption pursuant to subdivision (f).
- (B) If the State Department of Social Services finds that the applicant, or any other person specified in subdivision (b) is awaiting trial for a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the State Department of Social Services may cease processing the application until the conclusion of the trial.
- (C) If no criminal record information has been recorded, the Department of Justice shall provide the applicant and the State Department of Social Services with a statement of that fact.
- (D) If the State Department of Social Services finds after licensure that the licensee, or any other person specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), has been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the license may be revoked, unless the director grants an exemption pursuant to subdivision (f).
- (E) An applicant and any other person specified in subdivision (b) shall submit a second set of fingerprints to the Department of Justice, for the purpose of searching the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, in addition to the search required by subdivision (a). If an applicant meets all other conditions for licensure, except receipt of the Federal Bureau of Investigation's criminal history information for the applicant and persons listed in subdivision (b), the department may issue a license if the applicant and each person described by subdivision (b) has signed and submitted a statement that he or she has never been convicted of a crime in the United States, other than a traffic infraction as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of

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Section 42001 of the Vehicle Code. If, after licensure, the department determines that the licensee or person specified in subdivision (b) has a criminal record, the license may be revoked pursuant to Section 1569.50. The department may also suspend the license pending an administrative hearing pursuant to Sections 1569.50 and 1569.51.

- (F) An applicant and any other person specified in subdivision (b), as a part of the background clearance process, shall sign a declaration under penalty of perjury disclosing whether or not the person has any prior criminal convictions or arrests, or has had any prior disciplinary action taken against him or her by any federal, state, or local governmental agency.
- (b) In addition to the applicant, the provisions of this section shall apply to criminal convictions of the following persons:
- (1) (A) Adults responsible for administration or direct supervision of staff.
- (B) Any person, other than a client, residing in the facility. Residents of unlicensed independent senior housing facilities that are located in contiguous buildings on the same property as a residential care facility for the elderly shall be exempt from these requirements.
- (C) Any person who provides client assistance in dressing, grooming, bathing, or personal hygiene. Any nurse assistant or home health aide meeting the requirements of Section 1338.5 or 1736.6, respectively, who is not employed, retained, or contracted by the licensee, and who has been certified or recertified on or after July 1, 1998, shall be deemed to meet the criminal record clearance requirements of this section. A certified nurse assistant and certified home health aide who will be providing client assistance and who falls under this exemption shall provide one copy of his or her current certification, prior to providing care, to the residential care facility for the elderly. The facility shall maintain the copy of the certification on file as long as the care is being provided by the certified nurse assistant or certified home health aide at the facility. Nothing in this paragraph restricts the right of the department to exclude a certified nurse assistant or certified home health aide from a licensed residential care facility for the elderly pursuant to Section 1569.58.

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(D) Any staff person, volunteer, or employee who has contact with the clients.

- (E) If the applicant is a firm, partnership, association, or corporation, the chief executive officer or other person serving in a similar capacity.
- (F) Additional officers of the governing body of the applicant or other persons with a financial interest in the applicant, as determined necessary by the department by regulation. The criteria used in the development of these regulations shall be based on the person's capability to exercise substantial influence over the operation of the facility.
- (2) The following persons are exempt from requirements applicable under paragraph (1):

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- (A) A spouse, relative, significant other, or close friend of a client shall be exempt if this person is visiting the client or provides direct care and supervision to that client only.
  - (B) A volunteer to whom all of the following apply:
  - (i) The volunteer is at the facility during normal waking hours.
- (ii) The volunteer is directly supervised by the licensee or a facility employee with a criminal record clearance or exemption.
- (iii) The volunteer spends no more than 16 hours per week at the facility.
- (iv) The volunteer does not provide clients with assistance in dressing, grooming, bathing, or personal hygiene.
  - (v) The volunteer is not left alone with clients in care.
- (C) A third-party contractor retained by the facility if the contractor is not left alone with clients in care.
- (D) A third-party contractor or other business professional retained by a client and at the facility at the request or by permission of that client. These individuals may not be left alone with other clients.
- (E) Licensed or certified medical professionals are exempt from fingerprint and criminal background check requirements imposed by community care licensing. This exemption does not apply to a person who is a community care facility licensee or an employee of the facility.
- (F) Employees of licensed home health agencies and members of licensed hospice interdisciplinary teams who have contact with a resident of a residential care facility at the request of the

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resident or resident's legal decisionmaker are exempt from fingerprint and criminal background check requirements imposed by community care licensing. This exemption does not apply to a person who is a community care facility licensee or an employee of the facility.

- (G) Clergy and other spiritual caregivers who are performing services in common areas of the residential care facility, or who are advising an individual resident at the request of, or with permission of, the resident, are exempt from fingerprint and criminal background check requirements imposed by community care licensing. This exemption does not apply to a person who is a community care facility licensee or an employee of the facility.
- (H) Any person similar to those described in this subdivision, as defined by the department in regulations.
- (I) Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent a licensee from requiring a criminal record clearance of any individual exempt from the requirements of this section, provided that the individual has client contact.
- (c) (1) (A) Subsequent to initial licensure, any person required to be fingerprinted pursuant to subdivision (b) shall, as a condition to employment, residence, or presence in a residential facility for the elderly, be fingerprinted and sign a declaration under penalty of perjury regarding any prior criminal convictions. The licensee shall submit these fingerprints, along with a second set of fingerprints for the purpose of searching the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, to the Department of Justice, or to comply with paragraph (1) of subdivision (g) prior to the person's employment, residence, or initial presence in the residential care facility for the elderly.
- (B) These fingerprints shall be on a fingerprint card provided by the State Department of Social Services, or sent by electronic transmission in a manner approved by the State Department of Social Services and the Department of Justice and submitted to the Department of Justice by the licensee. A licensee's failure to submit fingerprints to the Department of Justice, or to comply with paragraph (1) of subdivision (g), as required in this section, shall result in the citation of a deficiency and an immediate assessment of civil penalties in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation, per day for a maximum of five days, unless the violation is a second or subsequent violation within a

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1 12-month period in which case the civil penalties shall be in the 2 amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation for a 3 maximum of 30 days, and shall be grounds for disciplining the 4 licensee pursuant to Section 1569.50. The State Department of 5 Social Services may assess civil penalties for continued violations as permitted by Section 1569.49. The licensee shall 6 7 then submit these fingerprints to the State Department of Social 8 Services for processing. Documentation of the individual's clearance or exemption shall be maintained by the licensee and be available for inspection. When live-scan technology is 10 11 operational, as defined in Section 1522.04, the Department of 12 Justice shall notify the department, as required by that section, 13 and notify the licensee by mail within 14 days of electronic 14 transmission of the fingerprints to the Department of Justice, if 15 the person has no criminal record. A violation of the regulations adopted pursuant to Section 1522.04 shall result in the citation of 16 17 a deficiency and an immediate assessment of civil penalties in 18 the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation, per day 19 for a maximum of five days, unless the violation is a second or 20 subsequent violation within a 12-month period in which case the 21 civil penalties shall be in the amount of one hundred dollars 22 (\$100) per violation for a maximum of 30 days, and shall be 23 grounds for disciplining the licensee pursuant to Section 1569.50. 24 The department may assess civil penalties for continued 25 violations as permitted by Section 1569.49. 26

(2) Within 14 calendar days of the receipt of the fingerprints, the Department of Justice shall notify the State Department of Social Services of the criminal record information, as provided for in this subdivision. If no criminal record information has been recorded, the Department of Justice shall provide the licensee and the State Department of Social Services with a statement of that fact within 14 calendar days of receipt of the fingerprints. If new fingerprints are required for processing, the Department of Justice shall, within 14 calendar days from the date of receipt of the fingerprints, notify the licensee that the fingerprints were illegible.

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(3) Except for persons specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), the licensee shall endeavor to ascertain the previous employment history of persons required to be fingerprinted under this subdivision. If the State Department of

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Social Services determines, on the basis of the fingerprints submitted to the Department of Justice, that the person has been 3 convicted of a sex offense against a minor, an offense specified 4 in Section 243.4, 273a, 273d, 273g, or 368 of the Penal Code, or a felony, the State Department of Social Services shall notify the 5 licensee in writing within 15 calendar days of the receipt of the 6 7 notification from the Department of Justice to act immediately to 8 terminate the person's employment, remove the person from the residential care facility for the elderly, or bar the person from entering the residential care facility for the elderly. The State 10 Department of Social Services may subsequently grant an 11 exemption pursuant to subdivision (f). If the conviction was for 12 13 another crime, except a minor traffic violation, the licensee shall. 14 upon notification by the State Department of Social Services, act 15 immediately to either (1) terminate the person's employment, remove the person from the residential care facility for the 16 17 elderly, or bar the person from entering the residential care 18 facility for the elderly or (2) seek an exemption pursuant to 19 subdivision (f). The department shall determine if the person 20 shall be allowed to remain in the facility until a decision on the 21 exemption is rendered by the department. A licensee's failure to 22 comply with the department's prohibition of employment, contact with clients, or presence in the facility as required by this 23 paragraph shall result in a citation of deficiency and an 24 25 immediate assessment of civil penalties by the department against the licensee, in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) 26 27 per violation, per day for a maximum of five days, unless the 28 violation is a second or subsequent violation within a 12-month 29 period in which case the civil penalties shall be in the amount of 30 one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation for a maximum of 30 31 days, and shall be grounds for disciplining the licensee pursuant 32 to Section 1569.50. 33

(4) The department may issue an exemption on its own motion pursuant to subdivision (f) if the person's criminal history indicates that the person is of good character based on the age, seriousness, and frequency of the conviction or convictions. The department, in consultation with interested parties, shall develop regulations to establish the criteria to grant an exemption pursuant to this paragraph.

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(5) Concurrently with notifying the licensee pursuant to paragraph (4), the department shall notify the affected individual of his or her right to seek an exemption pursuant to subdivision (f). The individual may seek an exemption only if the licensee terminates the person's employment or removes the person from the facility after receiving notice from the department pursuant to paragraph (4).

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- (d) (1) For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, a conviction means a plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere. Any action that the department is permitted to take following the establishment of a conviction may be taken when the time for appeal has elapsed, when the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of the sentence, notwithstanding a subsequent order pursuant to the provisions of Sections 1203.4 and 1203.4a of the Penal Code permitting a person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or indictment. For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, the record of a conviction, or a copy thereof certified by the clerk of the court or by a judge of the court in which the conviction occurred, shall be conclusive evidence of the conviction. For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, the arrest disposition report certified by the Department of Justice or documents admissible in a criminal action pursuant to Section 969b of the Penal Code shall be prima facie evidence of the conviction, notwithstanding any other provision of law prohibiting the admission of these documents in a civil or administrative action.
- (2) For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, the department shall consider criminal convictions from another state or federal court as if the criminal offense was committed in this state.
- (e) The State Department of Social Services may not use a record of arrest to deny, revoke, or terminate any application, license, employment, or residence unless the department investigates the incident and secures evidence, whether or not related to the incident of arrest, that is admissible in an administrative hearing to establish conduct by the person that

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may pose a risk to the health and safety of any person who is or may become a client. The State Department of Social Services is authorized to obtain any arrest or conviction records or reports from any law enforcement agency as necessary to the performance of its duties to inspect, license, and investigate community care facilities and individuals associated with a community care facility.

- (f) (1) After review of the record, the director may grant an exemption from disqualification for a license as specified in paragraphs (1) and (4) of subdivision (a), or for employment, residence, or presence in a residential care facility for the elderly as specified in paragraphs (4), (5), and (6) of subdivision (c) if the director has substantial and convincing evidence to support a reasonable belief that the applicant and the person convicted of the crime, if other than the applicant, are of such good character as to justify issuance of the license or special permit or granting an exemption for purposes of subdivision (c). However, an exemption may not be granted pursuant to this subdivision if the conviction was for any of the following offenses:
- (A) An offense specified in Section 220, 243.4, or 264.1, subdivision (a) of Section 273a or, prior to January 1, 1994, paragraph (1) of Section 273a, Section 273d, 288, or 289, subdivision (a) of Section 290, or Section 368 of the Penal Code, or was a conviction of another crime against an individual specified in subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 of the Penal Code.
- (B) A felony offense specified in Section 729 of the Business and Professions Code or Section 206 or 215, subdivision (a) of Section 347, subdivision (b) of Section 417, or subdivision (a) of Section 451 of the Penal Code.
- (2) The director shall notify in writing the licensee or the applicant of his or her decision within 60 days of receipt of all information from the applicant and other sources determined necessary by the director for the rendering of a decision pursuant to this subdivision.
- (3) The department may not prohibit a person from being employed or having contact with clients in a facility on the basis of a denied criminal record exemption request or arrest information unless the department complies with the requirements of Section 1569.58. *Notwithstanding subparagraph* (B) of paragraph (1) of, and subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2)

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of, subdivision (h) of Section 1569.58, if a request for an exemption has been denied, or an exemption has been revoked, the individual shall be prohibited for a period of two years from seeking reinstatement or an exemption, unless the individual has been convicted of a crime for which no exemption can be granted. If a request for an exemption has been denied based on conviction for a crime for which no exemption may be granted, the individual shall be excluded for the remainder of his or her life.

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- (g) (1) For purposes of compliance with this section, the department may permit an individual to transfer a current criminal record clearance, as defined in subdivision (a), from one facility to another, as long as the criminal record clearance has been processed through a state licensing district office, and is being transferred to another facility licensed by a state licensing district office. The request shall be submitted in writing to the department, and shall include a copy of the person's driver's license or valid identification card issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles, or a valid photo identification issued by another state or the United States government if the person is not a California resident. Upon request of the licensee, who shall enclose a self-addressed stamped envelope for this purpose, the department shall verify whether the individual has a clearance that can be transferred.
- (2) The State Department of Social Services shall hold criminal record clearances in its active files for a minimum of two years after an employee is no longer employed at a licensed facility in order for the criminal record clearances to be transferred under this section.
- (h) If a licensee or facility is required by law to deny employment or to terminate employment of any employee based on written notification from the department that the employee has a prior criminal conviction or is determined unsuitable for employment under Section 1569.58, the licensee or facility shall not incur civil liability or unemployment insurance liability as a result of that denial or termination.
- (i) Amendments to the provisions of this section made in the 1998 calendar year shall be implemented commencing 60 days after the effective date of the act amending this section in the 1998 calendar year, except those provisions for the submission of

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1 fingerprints for searching the records of the Federal Bureau of 2 Investigation, which shall be implemented commencing on 3 January 1, 1999.

- SEC. 10. Section 1575.7 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 1575.7. (a) (1) The State Department of Health Services, prior to issuing a new license, shall-secure from an appropriate law enforcement agency records of any criminal activity, other than minor traffic violations, of obtain a criminal clearance for the administrator, program director, and fiscal officer of the proposed adult day health care center. The-state department shall obtain the criminal records clearances each time these positions are to be filled. These criminal record clearances, in accordance with subdivisions (b) and (c), shall be completed prior to direct contact with residents. A
- (2) A criminal record clearance shall be complete when the department has obtained the person's criminal record information from the Department of Justice and has determined that the person is not disqualified from engaging in the activity for which clearance is required.
- (3) The criminal record clearance shall require the administrator, program director, and fiscal officer to submit electronic fingerprint images to the department.
- (b) A past conviction of any crime, especially any crime involving misuse of funds or involving physical abuse shall, in the discretion of the State Department of Health Services department, be grounds for denial of the license, and shall be grounds to prohibit the person from providing services in an adult day health care center.

## **Suspension**

- (c) Suspension of the applicant from the Medi-Cal program or prior violations of statutory provisions or regulations relating to licensure of a health facility, community care facility, or clinic shall also be grounds for a denial of licensure, where determined by the state department to indicate a substantial probability that the applicant will not comply with this chapter and regulations adopted hereunder.
- 38 <del>No</del>
- 39 (d) No applicant which is licensed as a health facility, 40 community care facility, or clinic may be issued a license for an

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adult day health care center while there exists a subsisting, uncorrected violation of the statutes or regulations relating to such licensure.

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- (e) A person subject to a criminal clearance under this section that has been disqualified from engaging in the activity for which clearance is required shall not reapply for licensure until two years after notification of denial of the criminal clearance.
- (f) The department shall develop procedures to ensure that any licensee, direct care staff, or certificate holder for whom a criminal record has been obtained pursuant to this section or Section 1265.5 or 1736 shall not be required to obtain multiple criminal record clearances.
- SEC. 11. Section 1596.871 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1596.871. The Legislature recognizes the need to generate timely and accurate positive fingerprint identification of applicants as a condition of issuing licenses, permits, or certificates of approval for persons to operate or provide direct care services in a child care center or family child care home. Therefore, the Legislature supports the use of the fingerprint live-scan technology, as defined in the long-range plan of the Department of Justice for fully automating the processing of fingerprints and other data by the year 1999, otherwise known as the California Crime Information Intelligence System (CAL-CII), to be used for applicant fingerprints. It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section to require the fingerprints of those individuals whose contact with child day care facility clients may pose a risk to the children's health and safety. An individual shall be required to obtain either a criminal record clearance from the Department of Justice or a criminal record exemption from the State Department of Social Services before his or her initial presence in a child day care facility.

(a) (1) Before issuing a license or special permit to any person to operate or manage a day care facility, the department shall secure from an appropriate law enforcement agency a criminal record to determine whether the applicant or any other person specified in subdivision (b) has ever been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation or arrested for any crime specified in Section 290 of the Penal Code, for violating Section 245 or 273.5, subdivision (b) of Section 273a or, prior to January

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 1, 1994, paragraph (2) of Section 273a of the Penal Code, or for any crime for which the department cannot grant an exemption if the person was convicted and the person has not been exonerated.

- (2) The criminal history information shall include the full criminal record, if any, of those persons, and subsequent arrest information pursuant to Section 11105.2 of the Penal Code.
- (3) Except during the 2003-04, 2004-05, and 2005-06 fiscal years, neither the Department of Justice nor the department may charge a fee for the fingerprinting of an applicant who will serve six or fewer children or any family day care applicant for a license, or for obtaining a criminal record of an applicant pursuant to this section.
- (4) The following shall apply to the criminal record information:
- (A) If the State Department of Social Services finds that the applicant or any other person specified in subdivision (b) has been convicted of a crime, other than a minor traffic violation, the application shall be denied, unless the director grants an exemption pursuant to subdivision (f).
- (B) If the State Department of Social Services finds that the applicant, or any other person specified in subdivision (b), is awaiting trial for a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the State Department of Social Services may cease processing the application until the conclusion of the trial.
- (C) If no criminal record information has been recorded, the Department of Justice shall provide the applicant and the State Department of Social Services with a statement of that fact.
- (D) If the State Department of Social Services finds after licensure that the licensee, or any other person specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), has been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the license may be revoked, unless the director grants an exemption pursuant to subdivision (f).
- (E) An applicant and any other person specified in subdivision (b) shall submit a second set of fingerprints to the Department of Justice, for the purpose of searching the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, in addition to the search required by subdivision (a). If an applicant meets all other conditions for licensure, except receipt of the Federal Bureau of Investigation's criminal history information for the applicant and persons listed

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in subdivision (b), the department may issue a license if the 2 applicant and each person described by subdivision (b) has 3 signed and submitted a statement that he or she has never been convicted of a crime in the United States, other than a traffic infraction as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 42001 of the Vehicle Code. If, after licensure, the 6 7 department determines that the licensee or person specified in subdivision (b) has a criminal record, the license may be revoked pursuant to Section 1596.885. The department may also suspend 10 the license pending an administrative hearing pursuant to Section 1596.886. 11

(F) An applicant and any other person specified in subdivision (b), as a part of the background clearance process, shall sign a declaration under penalty of perjury disclosing whether or not the person has any prior criminal convictions or arrests, or has had any prior disciplinary action taken against him or her by any federal, state, or local governmental agency.

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- (b) (1) In addition to the applicant, this section shall be applicable to criminal convictions of the following persons:
- 20 (A) Adults responsible for administration or direct supervision of staff.
  - (B) Any person, other than a child, residing in the facility.
  - (C) Any person who provides care and supervision to the
  - (D) Any staff person, volunteer, or employee who has contact with the children.
  - (i) A volunteer providing time-limited specialized services shall be exempt from the requirements of this subdivision if this person is directly supervised by the licensee or a facility employee with a criminal record clearance or exemption, the volunteer spends no more than 16 hours per week at the facility, and the volunteer is not left alone with children in care.
  - (ii) A student enrolled or participating at an accredited educational institution shall be exempt from the requirements of this subdivision if the student is directly supervised by the licensee or a facility employee with a criminal record clearance or exemption, the facility has an agreement with the educational institution concerning the placement of the student, the student spends no more than 16 hours per week at the facility, and the student is not left alone with children in care.

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(iii) A volunteer who is a relative, legal guardian, or foster parent of a client in the facility shall be exempt from the requirements of this subdivision.

- (iv) A contracted repair person retained by the facility, if not left alone with children in care, shall be exempt from the requirements of this subdivision.
- (v) Any person similar to those described in this subdivision, as defined by the department in regulations.
- (E) If the applicant is a firm, partnership, association, or corporation, the chief executive officer, other person serving in like capacity, or a person designated by the chief executive officer as responsible for the operation of the facility, as designated by the applicant agency.
- (F) If the applicant is a local educational agency, the president of the governing board, the school district superintendent, or a person designated to administer the operation of the facility, as designated by the local educational agency.
- (G) Additional officers of the governing body of the applicant, or other persons with a financial interest in the applicant, as determined necessary by the department by regulation. The criteria used in the development of these regulations shall be based on the person's capability to exercise substantial influence over the operation of the facility.
- (H) This section does not apply to employees of child care and development programs under contract with the State Department of Education who have completed a criminal records clearance as part of an application to the Commission on Teacher Credentialing, and who possess a current credential or permit issued by the commission, including employees of child care and development programs that serve both children subsidized under, and children not subsidized under, a State Department of Education contract. The Commission on Teacher Credentialing shall notify the department upon revocation of a current credential or permit issued to an employee of a child care and development program under contract with the State Department of Education.
- (I) This section does not apply to employees of a child care and development program operated by a school district, county office of education, or community college district under contract with the State Department of Education who have completed a

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criminal record clearance as a condition of employment. The school district, county office of education, or community college district upon receiving information that the status of an employee's criminal record clearance has changed shall submit that information to the department.

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- (2) Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent a licensee from requiring a criminal record clearance of any individuals exempt from the requirements under this subdivision.
- (c) (1) (A) Subsequent to initial licensure, any person specified in subdivision (b) and not exempted from fingerprinting shall, as a condition to employment, residence, or presence in a child day care facility be fingerprinted and sign a declaration under penalty of perjury regarding any prior criminal conviction. The licensee shall submit these fingerprints to the Department of Justice, along with a second set of fingerprints for the purpose of searching the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or to comply with paragraph (1) of subdivision (h), prior to the person's employment, residence, or initial presence in the child day care facility.
- (B) These fingerprints shall be on a card provided by the State Department of Social Services for the purpose of obtaining a permanent set of fingerprints and submitted to the Department of Justice by the licensee or sent by electronic transmission in a manner approved by the State Department of Social Services. A licensee's failure to submit fingerprints to the Department of Justice, or to comply with paragraph (1) of subdivision (h), as required in this section, shall result in the citation of a deficiency, and an immediate assessment of civil penalties in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation, per day for a maximum of five days, unless the violation is a second or subsequent violation within a 12-month period in which case the civil penalties shall be in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation for a maximum of 30 days, and shall be grounds for disciplining the licensee pursuant to Section 1596.885 or Section 1596.886. The State Department of Social Services may assess civil penalties for continued violations permitted by Sections 1596.99 and 1597.62. The fingerprints shall then be submitted to the State Department of Social Services for processing. Within 14 calendar days of the receipt of the fingerprints, the Department of Justice shall notify the State Department of Social

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Services of the criminal record information, as provided in this subdivision. If no criminal record information has been recorded, 3 the Department of Justice shall provide the licensee and the State 4 Department of Social Services with a statement of that fact 5 within 14 calendar days of receipt of the fingerprints. If new fingerprints are required for processing, the Department of 6 7 Justice shall, within 14 calendar days from the date of receipt of 8 the fingerprints, notify the licensee that the fingerprints were 9 illegible.

- (C) Documentation of the individual's clearance or exemption shall be maintained by the licensee, and shall be available for inspection. When live-scan technology is operational, as defined in Section 1522.04, the Department of Justice shall notify the department, as required by that section, and notify the licensee by mail within 14 days of electronic transmission of the fingerprints to the Department of Justice, if the person has no criminal record. Any violation of the regulations adopted pursuant to Section 1522.04 shall result in the citation of a deficiency and an immediate assessment of civil penalties in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation, per day for a maximum of five days, unless the violation is a second or subsequent violation within a 12-month period in which case the civil penalties shall be in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation for a maximum of 30 days, and shall be grounds for disciplining the licensee pursuant to Section 1596.885 or Section 1596.886. The department may assess civil penalties for continued violations, as permitted by Sections 1596.99 and 1597.62.
- (2) Except for persons specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), the licensee shall endeavor to ascertain the previous employment history of persons required to be fingerprinted under this subdivision. If it is determined by the department, on the basis of fingerprints submitted to the Department of Justice, that the person has been convicted of a sex offense against a minor, an offense specified in Section 243.4, 273a, 273d, 273g, or 368 of the Penal Code, or a felony, the State Department of Social Services shall notify the licensee to act immediately to terminate the person's employment, remove the person from the child day care facility, or bar the person from entering the child day care facility. The department may subsequently grant an exemption pursuant to subdivision (f).

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If the conviction was for another crime except a minor traffic violation, the licensee shall, upon notification by the State Department of Social Services, act immediately to either (1) terminate the person's employment, remove the person from the child day care facility, or bar the person from entering the child day care facility; or (2) seek an exemption pursuant to subdivision (f). The department shall determine if the person shall be allowed to remain in the facility until a decision on the exemption is rendered. A licensee's failure to comply with the department's prohibition of employment, contact with clients, or presence in the facility as required by this paragraph shall result in a citation of deficiency and an immediate assessment of civil penalties by the department against the licensee, in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation, per day for a maximum of five days, unless the violation is a second or subsequent violation within a 12-month period in which case the civil penalties shall be in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation for a maximum of 30 days, and shall be grounds for disciplining the licensee pursuant to Section 1596.885 or 1596.886.

(3) The department may issue an exemption on its own motion pursuant to subdivision (f) if the person's criminal history indicates that the person is of good character based on the age, seriousness, and frequency of the conviction or convictions. The department, in consultation with interested parties, shall develop regulations to establish the criteria to grant an exemption pursuant to this paragraph.

- (4) Concurrently with notifying the licensee pursuant to paragraph (3), the department shall notify the affected individual of his or her right to seek an exemption pursuant to subdivision (f). The individual may seek an exemption only if the licensee terminates the person's employment or removes the person from the facility after receiving notice from the department pursuant to paragraph (3).
- (d) (1) For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, a conviction means a plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere. Any action that the department is permitted to take following the establishment of a conviction may be taken when the time for appeal has elapsed, when the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on

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appeal, or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, notwithstanding a subsequent order pursuant to Sections 1203.4 and 1203.4a of the Penal Code permitting the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or indictment. For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, the record of a conviction, or a copy thereof certified by the clerk of the court or by a judge of the court in which the conviction occurred, shall be conclusive evidence of the conviction. For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, the arrest disposition report certified by the Department of Justice, or documents admissible in a criminal action pursuant to Section 969b of the Penal Code, shall be prima facie evidence of conviction, notwithstanding any other provision of law prohibiting the admission of these documents in a civil or administrative action.

- (2) For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, the department shall consider criminal convictions from another state or federal court as if the criminal offense was committed in this state.
- (e) The State Department of Social Services may not use a record of arrest to deny, revoke, or terminate any application, license, employment, or residence unless the department investigates the incident and secures evidence, whether or not related to the incident of arrest, that is admissible in an administrative hearing to establish conduct by the person that may pose a risk to the health and safety of any person who is or may become a client. The State Department of Social Services is authorized to obtain any arrest or conviction records or reports from any law enforcement agency as necessary to the performance of its duties to inspect, license, and investigate community care facilities and individuals associated with a community care facility.
- (f) (1) After review of the record, the director may grant an exemption from disqualification for a license or special permit as specified in paragraphs (1) and (4) of subdivision (a), or for employment, residence, or presence in a child day care facility as specified in paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) of subdivision (c) if the director has substantial and convincing evidence to support a

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reasonable belief that the applicant and the person convicted of the crime, if other than the applicant, are of good character so as to justify issuance of the license or special permit or granting an exemption for purposes of subdivision (c). However, an exemption may not be granted pursuant to this subdivision if the conviction was for any of the following offenses:

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- (A) An offense specified in Section 220, 243.4, or 264.1, subdivision (a) of Section 273a or, prior to January 1, 1994, paragraph (1) of Section 273a, Section 273d, 288, or 289, subdivision (a) of Section 290, or Section 368 of the Penal Code, or was a conviction of another crime against an individual specified in subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 of the Penal Code.
- (B) A felony offense specified in Section 729 of the Business and Professions Code or Section 206 or 215, subdivision (a) of Section 347, subdivision (b) of Section 417, or subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 451 of the Penal Code.
- (2) The department may not prohibit a person from being employed or having contact with clients in a facility on the basis of a denied criminal record exemption request or arrest information unless the department complies with the Section requirements of 1596.8897. *Notwithstanding* subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of, and subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) of, subdivision (h) of Section 1596.8897, if a request for an exemption has been denied, or an exemption has been revoked, the individual shall be prohibited for a period of two years from seeking reinstatement or an exemption, unless the individual has been convicted of a crime for which no exemption can be granted. If a request for an exemption has been denied based on conviction for a crime for which no exemption may be granted, the individual shall be excluded for the remainder of his or her life.
- (g) Upon request of the licensee, who shall enclose a self-addressed stamped postcard for this purpose, the Department of Justice shall verify receipt of the fingerprints.
- (h) (1) For the purposes of compliance with this section, the department may permit an individual to transfer a current criminal record clearance, as defined in subdivision (a), from one facility to another, as long as the criminal record clearance has been processed through a state licensing district office, and is being transferred to another facility licensed by a state licensing

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district office. The request shall be in writing to the department,

- and shall include a copy of the person's driver's license or valid
- identification card issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles,
- 4 or a valid photo identification issued by another state or the
- United States government if the person is not a California
- resident. Upon request of the licensee, who shall enclose a self-addressed stamped envelope for this purpose, the department
- 8 shall verify whether the individual has a clearance that can be
- 9 transferred.
  - (2) The State Department of Social Services shall hold criminal record clearances in its active files for a minimum of two years after an employee is no longer employed at a licensed facility in order for the criminal record clearances to be transferred.
  - (3) The following shall apply to a criminal record clearance or exemption from the department or a county office with department delegated licensing authority:
  - (A) A county office with department delegated licensing authority may accept a clearance or exemption from the department.
  - (B) The department may accept a clearance or exemption from any county office with department delegated licensing authority.
  - (C) A county office with department delegated licensing authority may accept a clearance or exemption from any other county office with department delegated licensing authority.
  - (4) With respect to notifications issued by the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 11105.2 of the Penal Code concerning an individual whose criminal record clearance was originally processed by the department or a county office with department delegated licensing authority, all of the following shall apply:
  - (A) The Department of Justice shall process a request from the department or a county office with department delegated licensing authority to receive the notice, only if all of the following conditions are met:
  - (i) The request shall be submitted to the Department of Justice by the agency to be substituted to receive the notification.
- 37 (ii) The request shall be for the same applicant type as the type 38 for which the original clearance was obtained.

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(iii) The request shall contain all prescribed data elements and format protocols pursuant to a written agreement between the department and the Department of Justice.

- (B) (i) On or before January 7, 2005, the department shall notify the Department of Justice of all county offices that have department delegated licensing authority.
- (ii) The department shall notify the Department of Justice within 15 calendar days of the date on which a new county office receives department delegated licensing authority or a county's delegated licensing authority is rescinded.
- (C) The Department of Justice shall charge the department or a county office with department delegated licensing authority a fee for each time a request to substitute the recipient agency is received for purposes of this paragraph. This fee shall not exceed the cost of providing the service.
- (i) Amendments to this section made in the 1998 calendar year shall be implemented commencing 60 days after the effective date of the act amending this section in the 1998 calendar year, except those provisions for the submission of fingerprints for searching the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, which shall be implemented commencing January 1, 1999.
- SEC. 12. Section 1728.1 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 1728.1. (a) To qualify for a home health agency license, the following requirements shall be met:
  - (1) Every applicant shall satisfy the following conditions:
- (A) Be of good moral character. If the applicant is a firm, association, organization, partnership, business trust, corporation, or company, all principal managing members thereof, and the person in charge of the agency for which application for license is made, shall satisfy this requirement. If the applicant is a political subdivision of the state or other governmental agency, the person in charge of the agency for which application for license is made, shall satisfy this requirement.
- (B) Possess and demonstrate the ability to comply with this chapter and the rules and regulations adopted under this chapter by the state department.
- (C) File his or her application pursuant to and in full compliance with this chapter.

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(2) (A) The following persons shall submit to the State Department of Health Services an application, including fingerprints, and shall submit electronic fingerprint images to the Department of Justice for the furnishing of the person's criminal record to the state department, at the person's expense as provided in subdivision (b), for the purpose of a criminal record review:

<del>(A)</del>

- 9 (i) The owner or owners of a private agency if the owners are individuals.
  - <del>(B)</del>
  - (ii) If the owner of a private agency is a corporation, partnership, or association, any person having a 10 percent or greater interest in that corporation, partnership, or association.

<del>(C)</del>

- (iii) The administrator of a home health agency.
- (B) A criminal record clearance shall be complete when the department has obtained the person's criminal record information from the Department of Justice and has determined that the person is not disqualified from engaging in the activity for which clearance is required. If any of these persons provide services to patients, the criminal record clearance shall be completed prior to patient contact.
- (b) The persons specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) shall be responsible for any costs associated with rolling transmitting the electronic fingerprint cards images. The fee to cover the processing costs of the Department of Justice, not including the costs associated with rolling the fingerprint cards, shall not exceed thirty-two dollars (\$32) per card.
- (c) If the criminal record review conducted pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) discloses a conviction for a felony or any crime that evidences an unfitness to provide home health services, the application for a license shall be denied or the person shall be prohibited from providing service in the home health agency applying for a license. This subdivision shall not apply to deny a license or prohibit the provision of service if the person presents evidence satisfactory to the state department that the person has been rehabilitated and presently is of such good character as to justify the issuance of the license or the provision of service in the home health agency.

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(d) A person subject to a criminal clearance under this section that has been disqualified from engaging in the activity for which clearance is required shall not reapply for criminal clearance licensure until two years after notification of denial of the criminal clearance.

- SEC. 13. Section 1736.1 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 1736.1. (a) An applicant for certification as a certified home health aide shall comply with each of the following requirements:
- (1) Have successfully completed a training program approved by the department pursuant to applicable federal and state regulations.
- (2) Obtain a criminal record clearance pursuant to Section 1736.6.

<del>(b)</del>-

- (3) Shall not have had an application for certification denied or a certificate revoked pursuant to Section 1736.5 or 1337.9 in the past two years.
- (4) Shall not have had a criminal record clearance denied within the preceding two years.
- (b) If the department determines that the person had previously applied for a certificate under this article, and the application was denied pursuant to Section 1736.5 or 1337.9 within the last two years, the department shall reject the application and exclude the person from any facility licensed by the department as follows:
- (1) In cases where the applicant petitioned for a hearing, the department shall reject the application until two years have elapsed from the effective date of the decision and order of the department upholding the denial.
- (2) In cases where the applicant did not petition for a hearing, the department shall reject the application until two years have elapsed from the date of the notification of the denial.
- (3) In cases where an immediate action was taken pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1736.5 or subdivision (i) of Section 1337.9 and the applicant petitioned for a hearing, the department shall reject the application until two years have elapsed from the date of the notification of the revocation.
- 39 (c) Any person who violates this article is guilty of a 40 misdemeanor and, upon a conviction thereof, shall be punished

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 by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than 180 days, or by a fine of not less than twenty dollars (\$20) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by both fine and imprisonment.

- SEC. 14. Section 1736.2 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 1736.2. (a) Certificates issued for certified home health aides shall be renewed every two years and renewal shall be conditioned on the certificate holder obtaining a criminal record clearance pursuant to Section 1736.6.
- (b) Certificates issued to certified home health aides shall expire on the certificate holder's birthday. If the certificate is renewed more than 30 days after its expiration, the certificate holder, as a condition precedent to renewal, shall also pay the delinquency fee prescribed by this article.
- (c) To renew an unexpired certificate, the certificate holder shall, on or before the certificate expiration date, apply for renewal on a form provided by the state department and pay the renewal fee prescribed in Section 1736.3.
- (d) The state department shall give written notice to a certificate holder 90 days in advance of the renewal date and 90 days in advance of the expiration of the fourth year that a renewal fee has not been paid, and shall give written notice informing the certificate holder in general terms of the provisions governing certificate renewal for certified home health aides. Nonreceipt of the renewal notice does not relieve the certificate holder of the obligation to make a timely renewal. Failure to make a timely renewal shall result in expiration of the certificate.
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this article, an expired certificate may be renewed at any time within four years after its expiration on the filing of an application for renewal on a form prescribed by the state department, and payment of the renewal fee in effect on the date the application is filed.

Renewal under this article shall be effective on the date on which the application is filed, on the date when the renewal fee is paid, or on the date on which the delinquency fee is paid, whichever occurs last. If renewed, the certificate shall continue in effect until the date provided for in this section, when it shall expire if it is not again renewed.

(f) If a certified home health aide applies for renewal more than 30 days after expiration but within four years after the **— 67 —** SB 1759

expiration, and demonstrates in writing to the state department's satisfaction why the renewal application was late, then the state department shall issue a renewal, upon payment of the renewal fee. If the certified home health aide demonstrates in writing to the state department's satisfaction why he or she cannot pay the delinquency fee, then the state department on a case-by-case basis shall consider waiving the delinquency fee. A suspended certificate is subject to expiration and shall be renewed as provided in this article, but this renewal does not entitle the certificate holder, while the certificate remains suspended, and until it is reinstated, to engage in the certified activity, or in any other activity or conduct in violation of the order or judgment by which the certificate was suspended.

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- (g) A revoked certificate is subject to expiration as provided in this section, but it cannot be renewed. If reinstatement of the certificate is approved by the state department, the certificate holder, as a condition precedent to reinstatement, shall pay a reinstatement fee in an amount equal to the renewal fee in effect on the date the application for reinstatement is filed, plus the delinquency fee, if any, accrued at the time of its revocation. If the prior certificate was revoked within the preceding two years, the prior certificate holder may not file an initial application until two years have elapsed from the date of the revocation pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 1736.1.
- (h) A certificate that is not renewed within four years after its expiration cannot be renewed, restored, reissued, or reinstated except upon completion of a certification training program unless deemed otherwise by the state department if all of the following conditions are met:
- (1) No fact, circumstance, or condition exists that, if the certificate were issued, would justify its revocation or suspension.
- (2) The person pays the application fee provided for by subdivision (a) of Section 1736.3.
- (3) The person takes and passes any examination that may be required of an applicant for a new certificate at that time, that shall be given by an approved provider of a certification training program.
- (i) Certificate holders shall notify the state department within 40 60 days of any change of address. Any notice sent by the

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1 department shall be effective if mailed to the current address 2 filed with the department.

- (j) Certificate holders that have been certified as both nurse assistants pursuant to Article 9 (commencing with Section 1337) of Chapter 2 of Division 2 and home health aides pursuant to this chapter shall renew their certificates at the same time on one application.
- SEC. 15. Section 1736.6 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- (a) (1)—A criminal record clearance shall be 1736.6. conducted for all home health aides by the electronic submission of fingerprint cards to the state department for processing at the Department of Justice. This criminal record clearance shall be completed prior to issuing or renewing a certificate, and prior to direct contact with residents. A criminal record shall be completed when the department has obtained the person's criminal record information from the Department of Justice and has determined that the person is not disqualified from engaging in the activity for which clearance is required. Applicants shall be responsible for any costs associated with rolling transmitting the fingerprint-eards images. The fee to cover the processing costs of the Department of Justice, not including the costs associated with rolling transmitting the fingerprint eards images, shall not exceed thirty-two dollars (\$32) per-eard submission.

(2) (A)

(b) Upon enrollment in a training program for home health aide certification, and prior to direct contact with residents, a candidate for training shall submit a training and examination application—and the fingerprint cards to the—state department and submit electronic fingerprint images to receive a criminal record review through the Department of Justice. This criminal record clearance shall be completed prior to direct contact with residents. Submission of the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall be at the discretion of the state department.

<del>(B)</del>

(c) New home health aide applicants who are unemployed and unable to pay the fee charged by the Department of Justice pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) due to financial hardship may request a waiver for a period not to exceed six months. The request for waiver shall be made in writing at the

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time the fingerprint card is submitted for processing. The applicant shall agree to pay the fee within six months of employment. The failure to pay the fee within the six-month period shall result in the inactivation of the applicant's certificate until the fee is paid in full.

<del>(b)</del>

(d) Upon receipt of the fingerprints, the Department of Justice shall notify the state department of the criminal record information, as provided for in this subdivision. If no criminal record information has been recorded, the Department of Justice shall provide the state department with a statement of that fact. If the fingerprints are illegible, the Department of Justice shall, within 15 calendar days from receipt of the fingerprints, notify the state department of that fact.

15 <del>(e)</del>

(e) The department shall respond to the applicant and employer within 30 days from the date of receipt of the fingerprint cards.

<del>(d)</del>

- (f) A criminal record clearance, consistent with this section shall be implemented for home health aide applicants beginning July 1, 1998, and phased in for all certified home health aides by June 30, 2000.
- (e) The use of fingerprint live scan technology implemented by the Department of Justice by the year 1999 shall be used by the Department of Justice to generate timely and accurate positive fingerprint identification prior to home health aide certification.

<del>(f)</del>

- (g) The department shall develop procedures to ensure that any licensee, direct care staff, or certificate holder for whom a criminal record has been obtained pursuant to this section or Section 1265.6 or 1338.5 shall not be required to obtain multiple criminal record clearances.
- (g) If the department receives a fingerprint card from a certified home health aide 60 days prior to the expiration of the certified health aide's certification and the department has received no response from the Department of Justice, or if the department is experiencing a delay in processing the renewal of the certified home health aide's certification at the time of the

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1 expiration of the certified home health aide's certification, the
2 department may extend the expiration of the certified home
3 health aide's certification for 60 days. This provision shall expire
4 August 1, 2001.

- SEC. 16. Section 1743.9 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 1743.9. (a) To qualify for a private duty nursing agency license, the following requirements shall be met:
  - (1) Every applicant shall satisfy the following conditions:
- (A) Be of good moral character. If the applicant is a firm, association, organization, partnership, business trust, corporation, or company, all principal managing members thereof, and the person in charge of the agency for which application for a license is made, shall satisfy this requirement. If the applicant is a political subdivision of the state or other governmental agency, the person in charge of the agency for which application for a license is made shall satisfy this requirement.
- (B) Possess and demonstrate the ability to comply with this chapter and the rules and regulations adopted under this chapter by the department.
- (C) File his or her application pursuant to and in full compliance with this chapter.
- (2) (A) The following persons shall submit to the department an application, including fingerprints and shall submit fingerprint images to the Department of Justice, for the furnishing of the person's criminal record to the department, at the person's expense as provided in subdivision (b), for the purpose of a criminal record review:

(A)

(i) The owner or owners of a private agency if the owners are individuals.

<del>(B)</del>

(ii) If the owner of a private agency is a corporation, partnership, or association, any person having a 10 percent or greater interest in that corporation, partnership, or association.

36 <del>(C)</del>

- (iii) The administrator of a private duty nursing agency.
- (3) A criminal record clearance shall be complete when the department has obtained from the Department of Justice the person's criminal record and has determined that the person is

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not disqualified from engaging in the activity for which clearance is required.

- (b) The persons specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) shall be responsible for any costs associated with—rolling transmitting the fingerprint—eards images. The fee to cover the processing costs of the Department of Justice, not including the costs associated with—rolling transmitting the electronic fingerprint—eards images, shall not exceed thirty-two dollars (\$32) per—eard submission.
- (c) If the criminal record review conducted pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) discloses a conviction for a felony or any crime that evidences an unfitness to provide private duty nursing services, the application for a license shall be denied, or the person shall be prohibited from providing service in the private duty nursing agency applying for a license. This subdivision shall not apply to deny a license or prohibit the provision of service if the person presents evidence satisfactory to the department that the person has been rehabilitated and presently is of that good character that justifies the issuance of the license or the provision of service in the private duty nursing agency.
- (d) The applicant shall not have had an application for licensure or renewal denied or revoked pursuant to Section 1743.25 in the preceding two years, nor had a criminal clearance denied by the department within the preceding two years.
- SEC. 17. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution.

SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:

(a) Departments within the California Health and Human Services Agency license almost half a million facilities and professionals, including child care providers, foster care homes,

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nursing homes, alcohol and drug treatment providers, hospitals, mental health facilities, laboratory technicians, certified nurse assistants, X-ray technologists, and paramedics.

- (b) Each licensing and certification program within the agency is critical to protecting the health and safety of millions of Californians.
- (c) Many licensing programs within the agency currently perform criminal background checks, as a key strategy to protect the health and safety of residents and other consumers.
- (d) It is appropriate public policy to enhance public safety protections by preventing violent criminals from working with the most vulnerable populations and improving criminal background check requirements and investigations.
- SEC. 2. It is the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to make necessary statutory changes to do all of the following:
- (a) Adopt a consistent set of core crimes that would constitute a lifetime ban for departments and programs providing direct client or patient services.
- (b) Adopt a consistent set of mid-level serious crimes that would be nonexemptible for five to 10 years for departments and programs providing direct client or patient services.
- (c) Require the completion of state criminal background elearances prior to client contact to increase elient protection, allowing client contact to occur prior to the criminal background elearance only if the staff person is a new hire or in a training program, and under 100 percent supervision when in contact with elients or patients.
- (d) Require individuals who have been denied licensure or employment due to a failed criminal background clearance to wait a minimum of two years before reapplying, or longer if the crime included a mandatory time period exclusion, shorter if mandatory time period exclusion ends prior to the end of a two year time period, with appropriate appeal rights provided.